

Shri C. D. Deshmukh: Not again, but as against this how much has been invested.

Mr. Speaker: Which is the other question?

Shri C. D. Deshmukh: The other question is No. 861 which was not called. Well, the total foreign investments from 15th August, 1947 to 31st December, 1951 amount to Rs. 10.98 crores.

Shri K. K. Basu: Is the hon. Minister in a position to state the total amount of dividends drawn on this foreign investment during this period?

Shri C. D. Deshmukh: That requires notice, Sir.

Dr. M. M. Das: May I know what percentage of this total investment has been invested in companies incorporated outside India and what percentage in those incorporated inside India?

Shri C. D. Deshmukh: Is that in regard to the new capital?

Dr. M. M. Das: The total capital invested up to this time.

Mr. Speaker: New capital, that is to say he refers to that capital which came in again after repatriation.

Shri C. D. Deshmukh: Most of it is in companies registered here, Sir.

Pandit K. C. Sharma: Has any particular undertaking been given to the foreign investors?

Shri C. D. Deshmukh: The foreign investor is concerned principally with remittance of dividends. On that there is no restriction and there has been no restriction. Then the other safeguard that he needs is about repatriation. In regard to investment from the sterling area there again there has been no restriction on repatriation. In regard to investment from non-sterling area countries we have undertaken to give facilities for repatriation of the original capital but not necessarily of the appreciation on it. The latter will be dealt with on its merits depending on the availability of our foreign exchange resources at the time concerned.

Pandit K. C. Sharma: What is the amount of original capital involved on which assurance of repatriation has been given?

Shri C. D. Deshmukh: It is a very small sum, Sir. Of that figure I gave of Rs. 10.98 crores, Rs. 9.71 crores is from U.K., Rs. 28 lakhs from sterling area countries other than U.K., and Rs. 74 lakhs is from soft currency countries. So the guarantee given in regard to the other relates only to a very small figure.

Pandit K. C. Sharma: What are the particular reasons necessitating this guarantee?

Mr. Speaker: That is widening the enquiry.

विश्व विज्ञान कोष का संपादन

*८६७ श्री एन० प्रभाकर : क्या

शिक्षा मंत्री यह बतलाने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या सरकार हिंदी में विश्व विज्ञान कोष का संपादन करवा रही है ;

(ख) यदि करवा रही है, तो इस दिशा में क्या प्रगति हुई है, और

(ग) इसके संपादन में कितना धन व्यय किया जायेगा ?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Education and Natural Resources and Scientific Research (Shri K. D. Malaviya): (a) No. It is not being compiled at present.

(b) and (c). Do not arise.

श्री एन० प्रभाकर: क्या भविष्य में ऐसा कोष सम्पादन किया जायगा ?

श्री के० डी० मालवीय : जी, हाँ, जल्द किया जायगा। उसकी तैयारी तो हो रही है।

श्री एन० प्रभाकर : क्या मैं जान सकता हूँ कि उसमें किन किन विद्वानों का सहयोग प्राप्त किया जायगा ?

श्री के० डी० मालवीय : अभी तो शब्दों का संकलन हो रहा है जब संकलन हो जायगा तो कोष बनाना भी शुरू हो जायगा और उसमें तमाम देश के विद्वानों को, जिन की आवश्यकता होगी, सम्मिलित किया जायगा

श्री एन० प्रभाकर : क्या मैं जान सकता हूँ

Mr. Speaker: He need not pursue that enquiry.

श्री एन० प्रभाकर : क्या मैं यह जान सकता हूँ कि यह शब्द कोष सचित्र होगा ?

Mr. Speaker: He is again going into details. I am not permitting that question.

MICA ENQUIRY COMMITTEE REPORT

*868. **Shri Ramachandra Reddi:** Will the Minister of Natural Resources and Scientific Research be pleased to state:

(a) whether any steps were taken to implement the Mica Enquiry Committee Report; and

(b) if so, what they are, and what progress has been achieved?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Education and Natural Resources and Scientific Research (Shri K. D. Malaviya): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) A statement showing the action taken on each recommendation of the Mica Enquiry Committee is laid on the Table of the House. [See Appendix V, annexure No. 4].

Shri S. V. Ramaswamy: Are there mica deposits in Salem district and, if so, has any attempt been made to develop them?

Shri K. D. Malaviya: I do not know, Sir.

MICA

*869. **Shri Ramachandra Reddi:** Will the Minister of Natural Resources and Scientific Research be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is possible to locate mica lead by geophysical survey; and

(b) whether any experiments in this direction were conducted?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Education and Natural Resources and Scientific Research (Shri K. D. Malaviya): (a) No, Sir. The Director, Geological Survey of India, reports that the existing methods of geophysical prospecting are not suitable for locating mica deposits.

(b) Yes, Sir. An experiment was conducted by Geodetic Department of the Survey of India in collaboration with the Geological Survey of India at the beginning of the last war in the Kodarma area in Bihar but this did not prove successful.

Shri Ramachandra Reddi: Have any experiments been conducted recently?

Shri K. D. Malaviya: No, Sir. As a matter of fact, our experts are of the opinion that it will be no use applying geophysical tests to mica survey.

Shri Viswanatha Reddy: May I know whether any mica mine is

being worked either by this Government or by the Bihar Government?

Shri K. D. Malaviya: We have no particular information about it, but the exploitation of mines is a State subject.

EDUCATION TRAINING CENTRE

*870. **Shri Madiah Gowda:** Will the Minister of Education be pleased to state:

(a) whether UNESCO has expressed its intention to start a fundamental Education Training Centre in India; and

(b) what are the facilities it seeks from the Government of India to start the Centre?

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Education and Natural Resources and Scientific Research (Shri K. D. Malaviya): (a) and (b). India was included in Unesco's original Special Project for establishment of a net-work of Fundamental Education Centres in different regions of the World. Under this Project considerable financial assistance was to be provided by Unesco. The scheme has, however, been revised and Unesco can now offer only technical assistance in the form of experts, fellowships and limited equipment. The question whether such a centre should be established by the Government of India is under consideration.

Shri Madiah Gowda: How long more will it take to come to a decision?

Shri K. D. Malaviya: In view of the fact that the UNESCO have revised their scheme, we have to consider afresh what is to be done.

Shri Madiah Gowda: Part (b) of my question has not been answered. What facilities do the UNESCO seek from the Government of India?

Shri K. D. Malaviya: The UNESCO's idea first was to start a centre of their own, but now they have revised their scheme and they are not going to start their own centre. They are offering us facilities, and it is now for us to consider whether we may start a centre of our own or not.

Shri Velayudhan: May I know what are the types of schemes that will be covered under "fundamental education"?

Mr. Speaker: Order, order. He may get a statement from the hon. Minister later. It is too long a thing to be covered by a question and answer.