

भारतीय विश्वविद्यालयों में विदेशी छात्र

२३१७. { श्री सरजू पाण्डेय :
श्री ज० ब० सिंह :

क्या शिक्षा मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) इस समय सम्पूर्ण भारत के विश्वविद्यालयों में कुल कितने विदेशी विद्यार्थी शिक्षा प्राप्त कर रहे हैं ;

(ख) उनकी अलग-अलग राष्ट्रीयता क्या हैं ; और

(ग) कुल कितनी धन राशि वजीफे के रूप में इस समय दी जा रही है ?

शिक्षा मंत्री (डा० का० ला० श्रीमाली) :

(क) १९५६-६० में भारत के विश्वविद्यालयों में शिक्षा प्राप्त करने वाले विदेशी छात्रों की कुल संख्या ३,३७१ थी ।

(ख) इन छात्रों का देश-वार विवरण सभा-पटल पर रख दिया गया है ।

(ग) सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है और उपलब्ध होते ही सभा-पटल पर रख दी जायेगी ।

मंत्रियों आदि के वेतन और भत्ते

२३१८. श्री सरजू पाण्डेय : क्या गृह-कार्य मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि १९५७ से अब तक कुल कितनी धन राशि केन्द्रीय मंत्रियों, उप-मंत्रियों, राज्य-मंत्रियों तथा सभा-सचिवों को वेतन, यात्रा भत्ते और दैनिक भत्ते के रूप में अलग अलग वर्ष-वार दी गई है ?

गृह-कार्य मंत्रालय में राज्य-मंत्री (श्री दातार) : सूचना इकट्ठी की जा रही है और यथा समय सभा पटल पर रख दी जायेगी ।

Excavations in Rajar Dhibi Area, Burdwan

2319. **Shri M. K. Kumaran:** Will the Minister of Scientific Research and Cultural Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that archaeological excavations in the Rajar Dhibi area in Burdwan District in West Bengal have revealed that carbonized iron or steel was used for preparing war implements by the inhabitants of the area more than 3000 years ago;

(b) whether the identity of this culture in relation to the already well-known cultures of India of the same period has been established; and

(c) whether a statement giving full details regarding the findings of this excavation will be laid on the Table?

The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Scientific Research and Cultural Affairs (Dr. M. M. Das): (a) to (c). The excavations at Rajar Dhibi area were carried out by the Government of West Bengal. As no report has been received, nothing can be said about the finds.

Geological Survey in Kotah and Jhalawar

2320. **Shri Brij Raj Singh (Kotah):** Will the Minister of Mines and Fuel be pleased to state:

(a) whether any geological survey has been undertaken in the Kotah and Jhalawar Districts of Rajasthan State;

(b) if so, the result thereof; and

(c) if not, the steps Government propose to take for such a survey?

The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Mines and Fuel (Shri Hajar-navis): (a) Yes, Sir. Reconnaissance survey of both the districts has been completed. Further an area of 3400 sq. kms. has been mapped on 1"=1 mile scale in Jhalawar district and an area of 10,000 square kilometers has been mapped on 1"=1 mile scale in Kotah.

(b) The results of the survey carried out by the Geological Survey of India are as follows:

Jhalawar district: Malachite (copper carbonate) stains at surface and disseminated grains of chalcopyrite at depths in quartzite were recorded. The copper content is between 0.99 and 0.67 per cent. The occurrence is of no importance.

Kota district: Limestone of the Nimbahera age were recorded between Julni and Mailo and between Nimana and Deoli over a total length of 32 kms. with a thickness of 60 to 75 meters and a width of about 400 metres.

The limestones of Bander age have been recorded in the Mukandwara range for a distance of about 54 kms. The bands are 6 to 15 metres thick. The limestone is suitable for lime burning.

Glass sand deposits were recorded between Kundi and Deopura over a stretch of 11 kms. The horizon bearing glass sand is more than 9 metres thick. The reserves of the deposits at Dholighati, Baraodikibari, Syalikh, Motipura, Malya, Balajikighati, and Deopura were estimated at 5.38 million tonnes. The silica content ranges between 91:51 and 95:76 per cent and iron between 0.21 and 0.58 per cent. The quality has to be upgraded before it can be used. The white sandstone deposits near Khemaj on analysis showed silica content 94.52 per cent and iron content 0.2 per cent. As these deposits are at 80 kilometres from railway station, exploitation of these deposits is not economical.

(c) Does not arise.

Scheduled Caste Candidates for U.P.S.C. Examination

2321, Shri Ram Harkh Yadav: Will the Minister of Home Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) the number of candidates belonging to the Scheduled Castes and other Backward Classes from

Uttar Pradesh and Bihar who appeared in various examinations conducted by the Union Public Service Commission during the last 5 years (1957 to 1961);

(b) the number of candidates selected for appointment to various posts during the said period in the said States; and

(c) the number of persons of the above-mentioned classes at present working as Indian Administrative Service Officers?

The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Home Affairs (Shrimati Chandrasekhar): (a) to (c). Information is being collected. A statement will be laid on the Table of the House as soon as it becomes available.

Polytechnics in Andhra Pradesh

2322. Shri E. Madhsudan Rao: Will the Minister of Scientific Research and Cultural Affairs be pleased to state:

(a) the number of Polytechnics opened during 1961-62 in Andhra Pradesh with names of the places; and

(b) the number of polytechnics opened there specifically for women during the same period?

The Minister of Scientific Research and Cultural Affairs (Shri Humayun Kabir): (a) and (b). One polytechnic at Srikakulam and two polytechnics for girls at Hyderabad and Kakinada.

जापान के मद्यनिषेध के तरीके

२३२३. श्री विभूति मिश्र : क्या गृह-कार्य मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या यह सच है कि जापान में जो शराब पीता है और जब वह शराब पीकर बेहोश हो जाता है तब उसकी फोटो वहाँ की सरकार उतरवा लेती है और उसके होश में