

take up the case of the neglected Indian Civil Servants in that country with the British Government in regard to the payment of fair and equitable compensation to them at the time of termination of their service; and

(b) if so, what steps are being taken by Government in the matter?

The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of External Affairs (Shri Dinesh Singh): (a) Yes.

(b) The Government of India feels that these officers should be given the same terms as have been given to certain other categories of expatriate officers known as "designated officers". These terms include the grant of compensation for loss of career when their services are no longer required because of "Africanisation". The Government has taken up this question repeatedly with the British Government and Tanganyikan Government.

Equipment Belonging to Indian Survey Officer Returned by Pakistan

*153. { Shri Yashpal Singh:
Shri Buta Singh:
Shri Gulshan:

Will the **Prime Minister** be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Pakistan Government have returned maps and other documents illegally seized from the Indian Survey Officer on the Berubari border somewhere in July last year;

(b) if so, when; and

(c) whether all the papers are intact or have been tampered with?

The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of External Affairs (Shri Dinesh Singh): (a) Yes, Sir. The documents illegally seized in June, 1961 from the Indian Survey Officers on West Dinajpur border, have been returned.

(b) Documents were handed back on 26th September, 1962, at the con-

ference of Directors of Land Records and Surveys of West Bengal and East Pakistan, held at Calcutta.

(c) All the documents were intact.

चीन में भारतीय

२६७. श्री लखमू भवानी :

क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) इस समय चीन में कुल कितने भारतीय निवास करते हैं;

(ख) इस वर्ष अब तक कुल कितने भारतीयों को चीन से बाहर निकाला गया और

(ग) उन को निकालने के चीनी सरकार ने क्या कारण बताये ?

प्रधान मंत्री तथा वंदेशिक-कार्य, प्रति-रक्षा तथा अणु शक्ति मंत्री (श्री जवाहरलाल नेहरू): (क) सरकार के पास जो सूचना मुलभ है, उस के अनुसार चीन में रहने वाले भारतीयों की संख्या १८० है।

(ख) कोई नहीं।

(ग) प्रश्न नहीं उठता।

Indian in China

267. Shri Lakhmu Bhawani: Will the **Prime Minister** be pleased to state:

(a) the total number of Indians living in China at present;

(b) the number of Indians expelled from China during the current year so far; and

(c) the reasons offered by the Chinese Government for expelling them?

The Prime Minister and Minister of External Affairs, Defence and Atomic Energy (Shri Jawaharlal Nehru): (a) According to information available with the Government the number of Indians living in China is 180.

(b) None.

(c) Does not arise.

Pugwash Conference of Scientists

268. Shri Shee Narayan Das: Will the **Prime Minister** be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government have in any way interested themselves in the activities of scientists who recently met in Pugwash Conference in London and discussed problems of disarmament and world security;

(b) if so, the nature and manner of India's participation so far; and

(c) whether the next Conference will be held in India?

The Prime Minister and Minister of External Affairs, Defence and Atomic Energy (Shri Jawaharlal Nehru): (a) and (b). The International Conferences on Science and World Affairs, known as Pugwash Conferences, are non-official conferences which are attended by eminent scientists of various countries in their personal capacity. They owe their origin to a suggestion made by the Prime Minister in 1954 regarding the setting up of a Committee of Scientists to explain to the world the effect a war would have on humanity. This idea was pursued further by the Atomic Scientists' Association in Great Britain and the Federation of American Scientists in the USA and discussions were held subsequently with other scientists, including Soviet scientists.

The 10th Conference in the series was held in London from the 3rd to the 7th of September 1962 and was attended by Prof. P. C. Mahalanobis in his personal capacity. The record of the discussions at the Conference has not yet been published.

Although the Government of India are not directly concerned in these non-official conferences, they support the Pugwash movement and believe that scientists can make significant contribution towards peace and disarmament as well as towards helping developing nations to modernise and

secure the benefits of scientific progress. At the request of the organisers of the 10th Conference, the Prime Minister sent a message wishing success to the Conference.

Besides the 10th Conference, the 3rd Conference held in Austria in September, 1958, was attended by Dr. H. J. Bhabha, Dr. K. S. Krishnan and Prof. P. C. Mahalanobis, the 5th Conference held in Pugwash, Canada, in August 1959 by Dr. M. L. Ahuja and the 9th Conference held in Cambridge in August, 1962 by Dr. Vikram Sarabhai.

(c) A suggestion has been made that the next conference be held in India. No final decision has, however, yet been reached.

Atomic Power Station at Tarapore

269. } Shri Surendra Pal Singh:
 Shri Eswara Reddy:
 Shri P. C. Borooah:
 Shri Bibhuti Mishra:
 Shri Harish Chandra Mathur:
 Shri Nambiar:
 Dr. L. M. Singhvi:
 Shri K. N. Tiwary:
 Shri Mohsin:
 Shri Yashpal Singh:
 Shri S. B. Patil:
 Shri Kapur Singh:
 Shri P. K. Ghosh:
 Shri Sham Lal Saraf:
 Shri Rameshwar Tantia:
 Shri D. C. Sharma:
 Shri Morarka:

Will the **Prime Minister** be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Government are facing certain difficulties in making arrangements for foreign financial and technical collaboration to set up its first Atomic Power station at Tarapore near Bombay; and

(b) if so, what are those difficulties, and what steps are being taken to overcome them?