

Oil Refinery at Tuticorin

366. { Shri Muthiah:
Shri P. Venkatasubbaiah:

Will the Minister of **Petroleum and Chemicals** be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a French Oil Company and a Japanese Oil Company have recently expressed their willingness to help setting up a medium-sized oil refinery in Tuticorin;

(b) if so, whether Government of India have accepted their offers and decided to implement the scheme; and

(c) when an oil refinery will start functioning in Tuticorin?

The Minister of Petroleum and Chemicals (Shri Humayun Kabir):

(a) No, Sir.

(b) and (c). Do not arise.

सेवा-निवृत्त व्यक्तियों की अध्यापक के रूप में नियुक्ति

३६७. स्वामी रामेश्वरानन्द :

क्या शिक्षा मन्त्री १८ मार्च, १९६४ के अंतरांकित प्रश्न संख्या १२६१ के उत्तर के सम्बन्ध में यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या कुछ और सेवा-निवृत्त कर्मचारियों ने दिल्ली के स्कूलों में अवैतनिक रूप में अध्यापक और मुख्याध्यापक पदों पर कार्य करने के लिये अपनी सेवार्थ पेश की हैं ; और

(ख) यदि हाँ, तो १ मई, १९६४ को दिल्ली के स्कूलों में ऐसे कुल कितने व्यक्ति अध्यापक और मुख्याध्यापक के पदों पर काम कर रहे थे ?

शिक्षा मन्त्री (श्री मु० क० चापला) :

(क) जी नहीं ।

(ख) प्रश्न नहीं उठता ।

Regional Languages

368. **Shri Dharmalingam:** Will the Minister of **Home Affairs** be pleased to state:

(a) whether a number of letters are received by various Ministries of the Government of India in regional languages;

(b) if so, whether action is taken on them;

(c) whether the reply is sent in the same language, English or Hindi; and

(d) whether there is any uniform policy in this regard?

The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Home Affairs (Shri L. N. Mishra): (a) A few letters are received occasionally.

(b) Yes, where necessary.

(c) and (d). Ordinarily, the reply is sent in English.

Sulphuric Acid

369. { Shri Sham Lal Saraf:
Shrimati Savitri Nigam:

Will the Minister of **Petroleum and Chemicals** be pleased to state:

(a) the present consumption of sulphuric acid within the country and how much of it is being produced here and the quantity imported; and

(b) the attempts made to make more and more sulphuric acid available within the country and what sources of supply of raw material have been tapped?

The Minister of State in the Ministry of Petroleum and Chemicals (Shri Alagesan): (a) Consumption of sulphuric acid in India in 1963 was about 560,000 tonnes. All of it was produced within the country and no quantity was imported.

(b) Additional capacity of over 1,000,000 tonnes for sulphuric acid has been licensed and the schemes are in