

**The Deputy Minister in the Department of Social Security (Shrimati Chandrasekhar):** (a) Yes.

(b) Details of the projects for which aid has been sanctioned at the meeting of the Executive Board of the UNICEF in New York on the 24th June, 1964 are:—

Name of the Project	Commitment made	Actual allocations
1 Rural		
Health Services	1,892,000	1,892,000
2 Preventive and Social Medicine	200,000	200,000
3 Handicapped children	65,000	65,000
4 T.B. Control	751,000	751,000
5 B.C.G. Vaccination	200,000	100,000
6 Leprosy control	180,600	116,000
7 Nutrition	3,700,000	1,500,000
8 Calcutta Dairy project	170,000	170,000
9 Goitre control	100,000	100,000
10 Ludhiana Dairy project		200,000
11 Pre-vocational Training		178,000
TOTAL	7,258,600	5,272,000

#### Tabewells in Rajasthan

555. { Dr. L. M. Singavi:  
Shri Bishanchander Seth:  
Shri Rameshwar Tandia:  
Shri B. P. Yadava:  
Shri Dhaom:  
Shri Tan Singh:

Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to refer to the

reply given to Unstarred Question No. 201 on the 2nd June, 1964 and state:

(a) whether any progress has since been made in implementing the plan for constructing 250 tube-wells in West Rajasthan;

(b) if so, the details thereof; and

(c) whether the State Government has made a copy of its comprehensive scheme, if any, available to the Central Government and if so, the broad features of the scheme?

**The Deputy Minister in the Ministry of Food and Agriculture (Shri Shah Nawaz Khan):** (a) Yes.

(b) The actual work of drillings started late in June, 1964. Drilling has been completed at eight sites and is in progress at the ninth. Development of the bores drilled has been completed at four of the sites and is in progress at four more. Work is expected to commence soon at 7 more sites where preliminary work such as site preparation, shifting of pipes, etc. has started.

(c) Yes. The broad features of the scheme are as follows:—

(1) The Scheme is for sinking 250 tube-wells in the famine-affected areas of the districts of Bikaner, Churu, Jodhpur, Nagaur, Jaisalmer, Barmer and Jalore, as a protective measure. Those parts which are likely to be covered by major irrigation projects, have been excluded.

(2) It has been proposed that one tubewell may cater to the requirements of the population residing within a radius of 10 miles. Thus, one well will cater to an area of about 314 sq. miles with a population of 12 to 15 thousand persons and a large number of cattle and sheep.

(3) Water available from these tube-wells would be utilised for drinking water for cattle, as well as for growing fodder, other allied agricultural uses, and for domestic purpose.