

Name of the Indian Company	Name of the collaborator
3. Coromandel Fertilisers Ltd.	Chevron Chemicals Co. Ltd., U.S.A. International Minerals and Chemicals Corporation, U.S.A.
4. E.I.D. Parry (India) Ltd.	Chevron Chemicals Co. Ltd., U.S.A. International Minerals and Chemicals Corporation, U.S.A.
5. Zuari Agro Chemicals Ltd.	United States Steel Corporation, USA. International Finance Corporation, Washington.
6. Rallis India Limited	M/s Fisons of London.

In addition, process know-how and technical assistance have been purchased from abroad on an outright basis for various sections of the fertilizer plants set up in India.

Kameng Hydel Project in Arunachal Pradesh

5847. SHRI RINCHING KHANDU KHRIME: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) in which year Kameng Hydel Project in Arunachal Pradesh was started and how many more years will be required to complete this project;

(b) total expenditure incurred upto now; and

(c) total electricity in M.W. to be produced from this project after its completion?

THE MINISTER OF ENERGY (SHRI P. RAMACHANDRAN): (a) Investigations on the Kameng Hydel Project were started some years back by the erstwhile C.W. and P.C. and preliminary project reports were prepared in July, 1974 for Phase I and Phase II of the Project. Investigations are still continuing. The preparation of the final report would be taken up after completion of the investigations. The Project has not yet been taken up for implementation.

(b) and (c). The actual expenditure upto 1977-78 was Rs. 34.80 lakhs. The anticipated expenditure during 1978-79 is Rs. 37.10 lakhs. The power output from both phases of the project has been estimated at 148 MW continuous.

Beneficiation of Coal

5848. SHRI KUMARI ANANTHAN: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that in most developed countries, more than 50 per cent of coal produced is beneficiated in coal preparation plants, whereas in India only 15 per cent of the production is washed;

(b) the reasons for 30 per cent of washing capacity in 15 coal washeries in the country remaining unutilised; and

(c) the steps proposed to be taken to double the present combined capacity of 6,600 tonnes of raw coal feed per hour in all the 15 coal washeries, bearing in mind the proposed hike in steel production and prospective increase in the consumption of low ash coal by the fertilizer plants?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRI JANESHWAR MISHRA): (a) It is a fact that in most developed countries higher percentage of coal produced is