

तथा पिछड़े क्षेत्रों की सड़कों के बारे में विशेष पदाधिकारी की जिस रिपोर्ट पर विचार किया था रहा था उसके बारे में क्या निर्णय किया गया है ?

परिवहन तथा संचार मंत्रालय में राज्य-मंत्री (श्री राज बहादुर) : विशेष अधिकारी की रिपोर्ट में दी गई खाम सिकारियों पर मुख्य इंजीनियरों की बैठक में विचार किया गया था। यह बैठक हैदराबाद में जनवरी, १९५६ को हुई थी। इन सिकारियों का ग्राम तोर पर मुख्य इंजीनियरों ने समर्थन किया था। मुख्य इंजीनियरों के मुद्दाओं के साथ इन सिकारियों को प्रदेश सरकारों के पास उचित कार्यवाही के लिये भेजा जा रहा है क्योंकि ग्रामों में सड़कों के काम की जिम्मेदारी खास तोर पर प्रदेश सरकारों की ही है।

डाक तथा तार विभाग की प्रश्न समिति

१०५६. श्री भक्त दर्शन : क्या परिवहन तथा संचार मंत्री २१ नवम्बर, १९५६ के तारांकित प्रश्न संख्या १५३ के उत्तर के सम्बन्ध में यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि

(क) डाक तथा तार विभाग के प्रश्नों से सम्बन्धित समिति ने क्या इस बीच अपना कार्य समाप्त कर लिया है,

(ख) यदि हाँ, तो क्या उस मार्गित द्वारा की गयी सिकारियों का विवरण मन्त्रालय पर रखा जायेगा, और

(ग) उन सिकारियों पर क्या कार्यवाही की जा रही है ?

परिवहन तथा संचार मंत्री (श्री स० का० पाटिल) : (क) जी नहीं।

(ख) और (ग). ये प्रश्न नहीं उठने।

**Tungabhadra High Level Canal Scheme**

1057. { Shri Nagi Reddy:  
Shri Ramam:

Will the Minister of Irrigation and Power be pleased to state:

(a) the amount of money that was sanctioned for the year 1958-59 for Tungabhadra High Level Canal, and

(b) the nature of work for which the amount was sanctioned?

The Deputy Minister of Irrigation and Power (Shri Ha(hi): (a) Although the Tungabhadra High Level Canal scheme has been technically approved, the question of according sanction to the execution of the project is under active consideration. Pending issue of this sanction, no loan has been advanced during 1958-59 to the State Governments for this scheme although a provision of Rs 40 lakhs has been made in the Andhra Pradesh Plan for the year 1958-59

(b) Does not arise

**Inland Fishery**

1058. { Shri Vidya Charan Shukla:  
Shri Kistaiya:

Will the Minister of Food and Agriculture be pleased to state the details and salient features of the research programmes that have been undertaken with a view to increase the production of inland fish?

The Minister of Food and Agriculture (Shri A. P. Jain): The research programmes undertaken by the Government of India at its C.I.F.R.S., Calcutta with its Sub-Stations relate broadly to pond Culture, riverine and estuarine Fisheries and lake Fisheries

(I) Pond Culture Sections at Calcutta and Cuttack carry out investigations on various problems relating to pond culture and estuarine

fisheries. These investigations include;

(a) Methods of collection, handling and transport of fish seed

(b) Fish breeding experiments,

(i) by flooding the tanks,

(ii) by injection of pituitary hormones

(c) Improved pond culture techniques with a view to obtain optimum production from fish ponds. Eradication of predators and excessive weeds, manuring of ponds, determining stocking intensities, mixed farming etc

(d) Suitability of non-indigenous fish for culture in India, fish culture in rice fields and soil composition in relation to fish production

(II) Riverine and Estuarine Section at Calcutta and Allahabad is conducting investigations in order to develop suitable conservation measures. A number of survey centres have been established along the Ganga, Hooghly-matlah and Mahanadi in order to

(a) assess the present status of the riverines and estuarine fisheries

(b) collect fish catch statistics, and

(c) collect biological data on important food fishes

(d) study problems relating to Hilsa fisheries in particular

(III) Lacustrine Section at Balugaon (Chilka lake) and at Hospet (Tungabhadra reservoir) undertakes investigations on assessment of the present fisheries in the lakes, bionomics of various species of food fishes, biological productivity of these waters, and the studies on the trends of fluctuations of the fisheries

2. A number of investigations have already yielded very valuable results particularly in regard to improved techniques of pond culture and fish breeding. These techniques are being employed in several parts of the country for greater production of fish

3. A number of fish seed collection centres have been surveyed and the information made available to the State Governments. Similarly the investigations on the effects of factory effluents on the riverine fisheries have yielded valuable results

#### Child Welfare

1059 **Shri Kodliyan:** Will the Minister of Health be pleased to state

(a) whether the Government have taken any practical steps to co-ordinate and intensify the programme of Child Welfare during the remaining period of the Second Five Year Plan, and

(b) if so the broad details thereof?

**The Minister of Health (Shri Karmarkar):** (a) and (b) The work relating to maternity and child welfare is being carried out through the primary health centres. 440 such centres were established by the State Governments in N.E.S. Blocks during 1956-57 and 1957-58 and 261 centres are proposed to be opened by them during 1958-59 with Central assistance. It is proposed to cover all the Blocks allotted to the States under the community development programme during the Second Five Year Plan period with primary health centres during the next two years.

The maternity and child health work has been integrated with the general public health work by converting the Maternity and Child Welfare Programmes in the States into Public Health Programmes.

#### Manhandling of German Tourist at Patna

1060 { **Pandit D. N. Tiwary.**  
**Shri Rajendra Singh**

Will the Minister of Railways be pleased to state

(a) whether it is a fact that in the 1st week of January 1959, a German