

डा० केसकर : मैंने जो कुछ कहा है, वह आनरेबल मेम्बर ने ध्यान से नहीं सुना। एरॉनाइट ब्लॉक बनाने की मशीन इस समय केनटा टाइन्ज आफ इंडिया प्रेस में ही है और हम अब लगा रहे हैं। और किसी प्रेस के पास नहीं है। कंट्रोलर आफ प्रिंटिंग के पास यह सब सूचना है कि सब प्रेसिज की कैपसिटी क्या है और वे क्या क्या बना सकते हैं।

श्री म० ला० द्विवेदी : क्या उत्तर प्रदेश ने भी इस तरह की मशीन मंगाने के लिए प्रार्थना की थी और उस का क्या हुआ ?

अध्यक्ष महोदय : यह उत्तर प्रदेश सरकार से पूछना चाहिए।

Shri Vajpayee: May I point out that no reply has been given to part (c) of the question, regarding the actual cost of these blocks?

Dr. Keskar: There is a statement in which the details are given.

Shri Vajpayee: I have got the statement. It is not there.

Dr. Keskar: How can I calculate it? After the Government press begins to work and they execute orders, we will be able to say how much actually it costs to make the blocks. We do not make the blocks now. Suppose I ask a press to make something for me, they quote the price at which they will make it. That is all. How can I know how much it costs them?

भारत-पाकिस्तान सीमा

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- { श्री प्रकाश बीर शास्त्री :
 - { श्री अजीत सिंह सरहदो :
 - { श्री प्र० के० देव :
 - { श्रीमती मकीदा अहमद :
 - { श्री सुबिमन घोष :
 - { श्री रामेश्वर टांटिया :
 - { श्री सूपकार :

क्या प्रधान मंत्री यह बनाने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) क्या पंजाब-पश्चिमी पाकिस्तान

के सभी सीमा विवादों का निपटारा हो गया है;

(ख) क्या यह भी सच है कि उक्त सीमा पर सीमा न पूरा किया जा चुका है;

(ग) क्या राजस्थान-पश्चिमी पाकिस्तान सीमा के सीमांकन के प्रश्न का भी इसी प्रकार हल होने की सम्भवा है; और

(घ) सीमाओं को अंकित करने के परिणामस्वरूप कितने एकड़ भूमि पाकिस्तान को मिली और कितने एकड़ भारत को ?

The Deputy Minister of External Affairs (Shrimati Lakshmi Menon): (a) and (b). Yes, Sir.

(c) There are no known disputes in this sector. Demarcation operations commenced in the field season last year and are likely to take two more seasons.

(d) Exact figures emerging from the demarcation concluded this season have yet to be worked out, but according to estimates, 10.9 square miles are to go to Pakistan and 8.24 square miles are to come to India.

श्री प्रकाश बीर शास्त्री : मैं यह जानना चाहता हूँ कि पंजाब और पश्चिमी पाकिस्तान के सीमा सम्बन्धी कितने विवाद अभी शेष हैं और उन को हल करने के लिये क्या उपाय किये जा रहे हैं ?

Shrimati Lakshmi Menon: The demarcation on the ground of the Punjab West Pakistan boundary has now been completed.

Shri P. K. Deo: May I know if there is any dispute in the Sind-Kutch border, and if so, what steps are taken to settle it?

Shrimati Lakshmi Menon: This question deals only with the West Pakistan-Punjab border and the Rajasthan—Pakistan border.

Shri P. K. Deo: No. The question relates to Indo-Pakistan border.

The Prime Minister and Minister of External Affairs (Shri Jawaharlal

Nehru: So far as we are concerned, there is no dispute, but there was some talk some two or three years ago. The point was raised by Pakistan, but we consider there is no valid dispute there.

Shri Supakar: Regarding the demarcation of the boundary from the south of Rajasthan up to the north of Punjab, may I know what percentage of the work has been done, and what time it will take to complete the demarcation of the whole of the boundary?

Shrimati Lakshmi Menon: The length of this border is 644 miles, and final survey has been completed in some 46 miles. The earlier stages of demarcation have been completed for some 310 miles, and 438 pillars erected. It will take about two years to complete it.

Pandit K. C. Sharma: Has the boundary been decided by the award of the Boundary Commission, or was there other dispute which has been settled by mutual negotiation?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: The major part of the boundary is decided by the Boundary Commission, revenue maps and the rest of it, but where there is disputed territory, it required decisions by the Governments concerned. There were a number of such small areas on the Punjab side, and they were referred to the two Governments, and in January this year they were settled.

Shri Supakar: We learnt from newspapers in May or June that there were talks between the officials of Pakistan and India regarding the settlement of the boundary dispute between West Pakistan and India. Did it relate to any specific portion of this area regarding demarcation?

Shrimati Lakshmi Menon: Owing to certain lack of effort on the part of

Pakistan authorities, the work could not be completed according to schedule, and therefore it was extended to the end of June. That is what the hon. Member refers to, I suppose.

Shri S. M. Banerjee: I want to know whether, as a result of demarcation and adjustment of borders, some families are to be resettled in India; if so, the number of families and the steps taken by Government to rehabilitate them?

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: Even if some persons are affected by slight transfer, it does not necessarily follow that the persons are evicted from their lands or fields. In fact, they are supposed to remain there. I do not think many persons are involved in this, but a few persons might be involved here and there, and we hope that they will continue to live where they are.

Shri S. M. Banerjee: From the reply I understand that a particular area goes to Pakistan as a result of the demarcation. Should I take it that those people, irrespective of whether they choose to remain in India or in Pakistan, have to remain there under compulsion, or they can come back to India, and if they want to come back to India, what steps will be taken by Government?

Shri Ranga: Option is given to them.

Shri Jawaharlal Nehru: Those people can remain there as Indian citizens; or, secondly, if they choose to adopt Pakistani nationality, presumably they can do so; or, thirdly, they can come over here, and I understand that the Punjab Government will try to make arrangements for them.