

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY  
DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY  
LOK SABHA  
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 2939  
ANSWERED ON 06/08/2025**

**RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT IN QUANTUM TECHNOLOGIES**

**2939. SHRI VISHNU DATT SHARMA:**

**Will the Minister of SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY be pleased to state:**

- (a) whether the Government is implementing the National Quantum Mission (NQM) to promote Research and Development in quantum technologies;**
- (b) if so, the status of the creation and functioning of the four Thematic Hubs (T-Hubs) under the mission along with the details of the institutions selected, milestones achieved, and timelines proposed; and**
- (c) if not, the reasons for delay and steps taken/being taken to operationalize these hubs effectively?**

**ANSWER**

**MINISTER OF STATE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE) OF THE  
MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY AND EARTH SCIENCES  
(DR. JITENDRA SINGH)**

विज्ञान और प्रौद्योगिकी तथा पृथ्वी विज्ञान मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (स्वतंत्र प्रभार)  
(डॉ. जितेंद्र सिंह)

**(a) Yes, Sir, the Government is implementing the National Quantum Mission (NQM) to promote research, development, in quantum technologies with an outlay of ₹6003.65 crore for a period of eight years.**

**(b) to (c): Under the Mission, four Thematic Hubs (T-Hubs), each focusing on a specific domain of quantum technologies—Quantum Computing, Quantum Communication, Quantum Sensing & Metrology, and Quantum Materials & Devices—have been established in the financial year 2024–25, comprising of 14 Technical Groups having 17 Project Teams across 43 institutions. The list of institutions is placed at Annexure I. These hubs have been incorporated as Section-8 Companies by their respective host institutions and have constituted their respective Hub Governing Boards (HGBs) for effective governance and administration. Funds have been released to all four T-Hubs to initiate their operations. The hubs are now fully functional and are engaged in a range of activities including Technology Development, Human Resource Development, Entrepreneurship Development & Industry Collaboration and International Collaborations. The details of the Thematic Hubs are placed below:**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Technology Vertical</b>	<b>Name of the Host Institute</b>	<b>Name of the Section-8 Company</b>
<b>1.</b>	<b>Quantum Computing</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Science, Bengaluru</b>	<b>Foundation for QC Innovation</b>
<b>2.</b>	<b>Quantum Communication</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Madras in association with C-DoT, New Delhi</b>	<b>IITM CDOT Samgnya Technologies Foundation</b>
<b>3.</b>	<b>Quantum Sensing &amp; Metrology</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Bombay</b>	<b>Qmet Tech Foundation</b>
<b>4.</b>	<b>Quantum Materials &amp; Devices</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi</b>	<b>QMD Foundation</b>

**The mission is for a period of eight years. However, the implementation broadly has three timelines, i.e. 3 years, 5 years and 8 years. Following are the key deliverables of the mission:**

- i. Develop intermediate scale quantum computers with 20-50 physical qubits, 50-100 physical qubits and 50-1000 physical qubits in 3 years, 5 years and 8 years, respectively.**
- ii. Develop satellite based secure quantum communications between two ground stations over a range of 2000 kilometres within India as well as long distance secure quantum communications with other countries.**
- iii. Develop inter-city quantum key distribution over 2000 km with trusted nodes using wavelength division multiplexing on existing optical fibre.**
- iv. Develop multi-node quantum network with quantum memories, entanglement swapping and synchronised quantum repeaters at each node (2-3 nodes).**
- v. Develop magnetometers with 1 femto-Tesla/sqrt (Hz) sensitivity in atomic systems and better than 1 pico-Tesla/sqrt (Hz) sensitivity in nitrogen vacancy-centers; gravity measurements having sensitivity better than 100 nano-meter/second<sup>2</sup> using atoms and atomic clocks with 10<sup>-19</sup> fractional instability for precision timing, communications and navigation.**
- vi. Design and synthesis of quantum materials such as superconductors, novel Semiconductor structures and topological materials for fabrication of quantum devices for quantum computing and communication.**

**List of Institutions supported under National Quantum Mission (NQM)**

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Institutes</b>
<b>1</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Delhi</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Roorkee</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Bombay</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Madras</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Ropar</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Guwahati</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Patna</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>Birla Institute of Technology &amp; Science Pilani, Hyderabad</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>The Institute of Mathematical Sciences, Chennai</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>Jaypee Institute of Information Technology, Noida</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>Society for Electronic Transaction and Security, Chennai</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>Centre for Development of Advanced Computing, Bengaluru</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Indore</b>
<b>15</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Science Education and Research, Thiruvananthapuram</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Science Education and Research, Pune</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>Raman Research Institute, Bengaluru</b>
<b>18</b>	<b>National Institute of Science Education and Research, Bhubaneswar</b>
<b>19</b>	<b>Tata Institute of Fundamental Research, Mumbai</b>
<b>20</b>	<b>Tata Institute of Fundamental Research, Hyderabad</b>
<b>21</b>	<b>Jawaharlal Nehru Centre for Advanced Scientific Research, Bengaluru</b>
<b>22</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Kharagpur</b>
<b>23</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Bhilai</b>
<b>24</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Jammu</b>
<b>25</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Tirupati</b>
<b>26</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Science, Bengaluru</b>
<b>27</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Science Education and Research, Bhopal</b>
<b>28</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Science Education and Research, Mohali</b>
<b>29</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Space Science and Technology, Thiruvananthapuram</b>
<b>30</b>	<b>Centre for Development of Advanced Computing, Thiruvananthapuram</b>

<b>S. No.</b>	<b>Institutes</b>
<b>31</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Gandhinagar</b>
<b>32</b>	<b>TCG Centres of Research and Education in Science and Technology, Kolkata</b>
<b>33</b>	<b>Harish-Chandra Research Institute, Prayagraj</b>
<b>34</b>	<b>Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science, Kolkata</b>
<b>35</b>	<b>Birla Institute of Technology and Science, Goa</b>
<b>36</b>	<b>University of Hyderabad, Hyderabad</b>
<b>37</b>	<b>S.N. Bose National Centre for Basic Sciences, Kolkata</b>
<b>38</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Bhubaneswar</b>
<b>39</b>	<b>Indian Space Research Organisation, Ahmedabad</b>
<b>40</b>	<b>Solid State Physics Laboratory, Delhi</b>
<b>41</b>	<b>Indian Institute of Technology, Hyderabad</b>
<b>42</b>	<b>Centre for Development of Telematics, Delhi</b>
<b>43</b>	<b>Indian Space Research Organisation, Bengaluru</b>

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