

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT

LOK SABHA
UNSTARRED QUESTION NO. 4630
TO BE ANSWERED ON 28.03.2025

ANEMIA AND MALNUTRITION

4630. SHRI RAJEEV RAI:
SHRI HANUMAN BENIWAL:

Will the Minister of Women and Child Development be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the number of women suffering from anemia and children suffering from malnutrition is increasing rapidly in the country despite implementation of various schemes, if so, the details thereof indicating the number of such cases during the last three years, State-wise including Rajasthan;
- (b) the current status of the schemes being implemented by the Government to deal with the said problems, scheme-wise and State-wise;
- (c) the details of the funds allocated/utilized in the country including Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan under these schemes during the last three years and the current year, State-wise; and
- (d) whether any reduction has been recorded in the number of women suffering from anemia and children suffering from malnutrition in Mau district of Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan in year 2022-23 and 2023-24 due to the implementation of the said schemes, if so, the details thereof?

ANSWER

MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF WOMEN AND CHILD DEVELOPMENT
(SHRIMATI SAVITRI THAKUR)

(a) to (d) Under the 15th Finance Commission, various components like Anganwadi services, Poshan Abhiyaan and Scheme for Adolescent girls (of 14-18 years in Aspirational Districts and North-Eastern region) have been subsumed under the umbrella Mission Saksham Anganwadi and Poshan 2.0 (Mission Poshan 2.0) to address the challenge of malnutrition. It is a Centrally Sponsored mission, where the responsibility for implementation of various activities lies with the States and UTs. This mission is a universal self-selecting umbrella scheme that is being implemented across all the States and UTs including in the State of Rajasthan.

Nutrition goes beyond mere eating of food; it requires proper digestion, absorption, and metabolism which are influenced by factors like sanitation, education and access to safe drinking water. As malnutrition requires a multi-sectoral approach involving dimensions of food, health, water, sanitation and education, it is crucial to effectively

address the issue of malnutrition. It is being addressed under Mission Saksham Anganwadi and Poshan 2.0 by establishing cross cutting convergence amongst 18 Ministries/Departments.

Under Mission Poshan 2.0 a new strategy has been made for reduction in malnutrition and for improved health, wellness and immunity through activities like community engagement, outreach, behavioral change, and advocacy. It focuses on Maternal Nutrition, Infant and Young Child Feeding Norms, treatment of Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM)/ Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM) and wellness through AYUSH practices to reduce prevalence of wasting, stunting, anaemia and being underweight.

Under this mission, Supplementary Nutrition is provided to Children (6 months to 6 years), Pregnant Women, Lactating Mothers and Adolescent Girls to beat the intergenerational cycle of malnutrition by adopting a life cycle approach. Supplementary nutrition is provided in accordance with the nutrition norms contained in Schedule-II of the National Food Security Act. These norms have been revised in January 2023. The old norms were largely calorie-specific; however, the revised norms are more comprehensive and balanced in terms of both quantity and quality of supplementary nutrition based on the principles of diet diversity that provides for quality protein, healthy fats and micronutrients.

Fortified rice is being supplied to AWCs to meet the requirement of micro-nutrients and to control anaemia among women and children. Greater emphasis is being laid on the use of millets at least once a week for preparation of Hot Cooked Meal and Take Home ration at Anganwadi centers.

Ministries of Women & Child Development and Health & Family Welfare have jointly released the protocol for Community Management of Malnutrition (CMAM) to prevent and treat severely acute malnutrition in children and for reducing associated morbidity and mortality.

Under this Mission, one of the major activities undertaken is Community Mobilization and Awareness Advocacy to educate people on nutritional aspects as adoption of good nutrition habit requires sustained efforts for behavioural change. State and UTs are conducting and reporting regular sensitisation activities under Jan Andolans during Poshan Maahs and Poshan Pakhwadas celebrated in the months of September and March-April respectively. Community Based Events (CBEs) have served as a significant strategy in changing nutritional practices and all Anganwadi workers are required to conduct two Community Based Events every month.

The Ministry of Health and Family Welfare is implementing Reproductive, Maternal, Newborn, Child, Adolescent Health and Nutrition (RMNCAH+N) strategy in a life cycle approach under National Health Mission (NHM), which includes interventions to address malnutrition and anemia across all States/UTs in the country. One of the interventions is Anemia Mukt Bharat.

Anemia Mukt Bharat (AMB) a flagship programme of Government of India under Ministry of Health & Family Welfare (MoH&FW), launched in 2018, aims to reduce the prevalence of anemia through 6X6X6 strategy implemented among the six target beneficiaries-children 6-59 months, children 5-9 years, adolescents 10-19 years, women of reproductive age group, pregnant women and lactating mothers; through six interventions implemented via six institutional mechanisms for all stakeholders. The six interventions for AMB strategy include:

1. Prophylactic Iron and Folic Acid (IFA) supplementation to all six beneficiaries
2. Deworming
3. Intensified Behaviour Change Communication Campaign focusing on four key behaviours- improving compliance to IFA supplementation and deworming, appropriate infant and young child feeding practices, increase in intake of iron-rich food through diet diversity/quantity/frequency and/or fortified foods and ensuring delayed cord clamping in health facilities
4. Testing and treatment of anemia, using digital methods and point of care treatment,
5. Mandatory provision of Iron and Folic Acid fortified foods in government funded public health programmes.
6. Intensifying awareness, screening, and treatment of non-nutritional causes of anemia

Other initiatives of MoH&FW to address anemia and malnutrition are provided at **Annexure-I**.

Various rounds of the National Family Health Survey (NFHS) conducted by Ministry of Health & Family Welfare since 1992-93 have shown improvement in malnutrition indicators in children across India. Details of these indicators for children since NFHS-1 to NFHS-5 are given below:

NFHS Survey	Stunting %	Underweight %	Wasting %
NFHS-1 (1992-93)*	52	53.4	17.5
NFHS-2 (1998-99)**	45.5	47	15.5
NFHS-3 (2005-6)***	48.0	42.5	19.8
NFHS-4 (2015-16)***	38.4	35.8	21.0
NFHS-5 (2019-21)***	35.5	32.1	19.3

* Under 4 years

** Under 3 years

*** Under 5 years

The above table gives a representative picture of malnutrition indicators among all children of 0-3 years, 0-4 years and 0-5 years age at the relevant time.

The projected population of all children up to 5 years in India for the year 2021 is 13.75 crores approximately (source: Population Projections for India and States 2011-2036, National Commission on Population, Ministry of Health & Family Welfare). However, only 7.49 crores children up to 5 years were enrolled in Anganwadis and registered on Poshan Tracker of the Ministry of Women & Child Development as per the February 2025 data. 7.25 crores of these children were measured on growth parameters of height and weight. 39.09% of them have been found to be stunted, 16.60% have been found to be underweight and 5.35% wasted.

Further, the projected population of all children in India up to 6 years for the year 2021 is approximately 16.1 crores. As per the February 2025 data of Poshan Tracker, 8.80 crores children (0-6 years) were enrolled in Anganwadis out of whom 8.52 crores were measured on growth parameters of height and weight. 37.75% of these children (0-6 years) have been found to be stunted and 17.19% children (0-6 years) have been found to be underweight.

In 2021, the World Bank conducted a survey in 11 priority states (Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Gujarat, Jharkhand, Karnataka, Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu and Uttar Pradesh) with the highest rates of anemia and stunting. The aim of this survey was to assess the program's delivery of nutrition services, whether the nutritional knowledge of beneficiaries had improved and if they had adopted more appropriate nutrition and feeding practices.

The findings demonstrated that the services delivered through the Poshan Abhiyaan – the receipt of relevant messages, home visits by the anganwadi worker, and attendance at community based events – were associated with improved nutrition behaviors. The survey also found that the program's nutrition messages reached more than 80% of women, and that 81% of women practiced exclusive breastfeeding for the first six months.

The State wise detail of malnutrition indicators including Rajasthan and that of Mau district of UP is at **Annexure-II**.

The State wise detail of women suffering from anemia including Rajasthan and that of Mau district of UP is at **Annexure-III**.

The State wise detail of beneficiaries under Mission Poshan 2.0 is at **Annexure-IV**.

The detail of funds allocated to all States including Uttar Pradesh and Rajasthan is at **Annexure-V**.

ANNEXURE-I

ANNEXURE REFERRED IN REPLY TO PART (b) OF LOK SABHA QUESTION NO. 4630 FOR 28.03.2025 REGARDING “ANEMIA AND MALNUTRITION” ASKED BY SHRI RAJEEV RAI AND SHRI HANUMAN BENIWAL

Other initiatives of MoH&FW to address anemia and malnutrition are as follows:

- i. **Nutrition Rehabilitation Centers (NRCs)** are set up at public health facilities to provide in-patient medical and nutritional care to children under 5 years suffering from Severe Acute Malnourishment (SAM) with medical complications. In addition to curative care, special focus is given on timely, adequate and appropriate feeding for children; on improving the skills of mothers and caregivers on complete age-appropriate caring and feeding practices.
- ii. **Mothers' Absolute Affection (MAA) Programme** is implemented to improve breastfeeding coverage in children which includes early initiation of breastfeeding and exclusive breastfeeding for first six months followed by counselling on age-appropriate complementary feeding practices.
- iii. Under **National Deworming Day (NDD)** albendazole tablets are administered in a single fixed day approach via schools and Anganwadi centres in two rounds (February and August) to reduce the soil transmitted helminth (STH) infestation among all children and adolescents (1-19 years). During NDD, ASHA mobilizes children and adolescents to school and Anganwadi centre for albendazole administration.
- iv. **Lactation Management Centres:** Comprehensive Lactation Management Centres. (CLMC) are facilities established to ensure availability of safe, pasteurized Donor Human Milk for feeding of sick, preterm and low birth weight babies admitted in Neonatal Intensive Care Units and Special Newborn Care Units. Lactation Management Unit (LMU) are established for providing lactation support to mothers within the health facility for collection, storage and dispensing of mother's own breastmilk for consumption by her baby.
- v. **Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Days (VHSNDs)** are observed for provision of maternal and child health services and creating awareness on maternal and child care including nutrition in convergence with Ministry of Women and Child Development. During VHSND, ASHA mobilizes beneficiaries and community to VHSND site for uptake of maternal and child health services.

ANNEXURE-II

**ANNEXURE REFERRED IN REPLY TO PARTS (a AND d) OF LOK SABHA QUESTION NO. 4630 FOR 28.03.2025 REGARDING
“ANEMIA AND MALNUTRITION” ASKED BY SHRI RAJEEV RAI AND SHRI HANUMAN BENIWAL**

(a) State wise detail of malnutrition indicators of children (0-5 years) in the country including State of Rajasthan for February 2023, February 2024 and February 25 from Poshan Tracker is as follows:

S. No	State	Feb-23			Feb-24			Feb-25		
		Stunted %	Wasted %	Underwei ght%	Stunted%	Wasted %	Underweight%	Stunting %	Wasting %	Underweight%
1	Andhra Pra de sh	20.00	4.95	9.69	20.30	5.49	9.77	18.27	4.83	7.91
2	Arunachal Pra de sh	32.07	4.90	12.50	30.26	4.72	8.97	37.18	4.54	10.76
3	Assam	38.76	7.17	18.27	40.28	4.50	15.63	42.79	4.12	16.41
4	Bihar	41.60	10.52	25.10	41.44	9.99	23.25	47.33	9.58	24.09
5	Chhattisgarh	37.40	13.54	17.11	33.57	9.90	15.20	26.20	6.96	13.35
6	Goa	25.79	6.03	11.17	18.36	2.37	5.56	7.51	1.10	2.46
7	Gujarat	51.80	7.69	22.43	43.48	8.30	19.82	36.53	7.95	19.84
8	Haryana	30.74	7.33	12.49	26.40	4.98	7.90	27.63	4.17	8.38
9	Himachal Prad esh	25.05	3.47	8.97	19.79	1.88	5.93	19.47	2.07	6.31
10	Jharkhand	40.40	9.70	23.09	41.52	7.86	18.58	43.91	6.39	19.14
11	Karnataka	39.41	8.41	19.95	40.72	7.86	18.33	41.20	3.68	17.61
12	Kerala	35.73	8.70	14.43	32.93	3.20	9.41	37.05	2.93	10.30
13	Madhya Pra de sh	54.12	7.69	26.22	41.26	6.47	21.89	46.60	7.04	25.42
14	Maharashtra	46.06	7.11	19.83	48.63	5.42	18.19	44.45	3.80	14.63
15	Manipur	17.76	1.64	7.48	16.89	1.55	7.97	9.69	0.66	2.77

16	Meghalaya	28.42	2.49	8.01	22.94	1.39	5.22	19.02	0.92	4.21
17	Mizoram	22.08	4.05	6.51	24.64	3.26	6.21	29.53	2.49	6.44
18	Nagaland	42.86	6.43	12.14	27.02	5.52	7.16	31.15	5.61	7.26
19	Odisha	31.17	5.00	14.62	28.17	3.60	12.27	28.95	2.98	11.88
20	Punjab	26.05	7.39	12.35	18.65	4.11	6.69	20.67	3.50	6.49
21	Rajasthan	34.10	11.43	20.32	37.43	7.71	17.63	38.57	6.31	18.67
22	Sikkim	14.97	3.10	3.81	12.53	2.61	2.24	10.26	2.04	2.02
23	Tamil Nadu	19.27	5.15	9.43	15.08	3.98	7.05	13.76	3.46	6.40
24	Telangana	27.27	4.86	13.41	29.25	4.63	12.55	33.39	5.25	15.44
25	Tripura	39.22	8.74	17.11	38.08	7.18	15.45	41.35	6.99	17.28
26	Uttar Pradesh	47.66	7.42	20.92	46.17	5.24	19.19	48.72	4.34	19.76
27	Uttarakhand	33.29	7.54	9.05	34.23	5.77	8.31	23.76	2.40	6.21
28	West Bengal	40.77	9.59	15.26	37.36	8.21	12.01	35.22	6.57	11.01
29	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	25.41	6.73	10.71	20.19	4.34	7.67	8.33	2.11	3.62
30	Dadra & Nagar Haveli - Daman & Diu	53.13	11.79	36.42	48.16	10.28	31.03	38.15	2.47	14.46
31	Delhi	22.40	2.01	10.01	38.43	2.00	15.92	42.90	2.51	17.81
32	J&K	15.37	1.85	5.89	16.38	2.28	4.41	14.32	1.28	3.47
33	Ladakh	22.32	3.66	6.67	13.13	0.89	2.58	10.31	0.19	1.54
34	Lakshadweep	NA	NA	NA	44.25	14.84	26.96	40.62	11.86	22.17
35	Puducherry	26.59	8.21	11.53	32.69	7.44	11.25	41.13	7.36	13.22
36	UT-Chandigarh	33.09	2.64	14.09	25.32	0.27	7.12	26.77	1.66	9.21
Total		39.37	7.71	18.44	38.22	6.26	16.52	39.09	5.35	16.60

(b) The detail of malnutrition indicators of children (0-5 years) in the Mau district of Uttar Pradesh for February 2023, February 2024 and February 25 from Poshan Tracker is as follows:

S. No.	District	Feb-23			Feb-24			Feb-25		
		Stunted%	Wasted%	Underweight %	Stunted%	Wasted%	Underweight %	Stunting%	Wasting%	Underweight %
1	Mau district	52.3	6.58	19.16	27.98	5.78	11.82	31.05	5.52	13.66

Annexure -III**ANNEXURE REFERRED IN REPLY TO PARTS (a AND d) OF LOK SABHA QUESTION NO. 4630 FOR 28.03.2025 REGARDING “ANEMIA AND MALNUTRITION” ASKED BY SHRI RAJEEV RAI AND SHRI HANUMAN BENIWAL**

(a) State/UT wise prevalence of anaemia among women of age 15-49 years from NFHS 4 and NFHS 5 is as follows:

S.No.	State/UT	NFHS 4 (2015-16)	NFHS 5 (2019-21)
1	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	65.7	57.5
2	Andhra Pradesh	60	58.8
3	Arunachal Pradesh	43.2	40.3
4	Assam	46	65.9
5	Bihar	60.3	63.5
6	Chandigarh	75.9	60.1
7	Chhattisgarh	47	60.8
8	Delhi	54.3	49.9
9	DNH&DD	72.9	62.5
10	Goa	31.3	39
11	Gujarat	54.9	65
12	Haryana	62.7	60.4
13	Himachal Pradesh	53.5	53
14	J&K	48.9	55.9
15	Jharkhand	65.2	65.3
16	Karnataka	44.8	47.8
17	Kerala	34.3	36.3
18	Ladakh	78.4	92.8
19	Lakshadweep	46	25.8
20	Madhya Pradesh	52.5	54.7
21	Maharashtra	48	54.2

22	Manipur	26.4	29.4
23	Meghalaya	56.2	53.8
24	Mizoram	24.8	34.8
25	Nagaland	27.9	28.9
26	Odisha	51	64.3
27	Puducherry	52.4	55.1
28	Punjab	53.5	58.7
29	Rajasthan	46.8	54.4
30	Sikkim	34.9	42.1
31	Tamilnadu	55	53.4
32	Telangana	56.6	57.6
33	Tripura	54.5	67.2
34	Uttarakhand	45.2	42.6
35	Uttar Pradesh	52.4	50.4
36	West Bengal	62.5	71.4

(b) The prevalence of anaemia in Mau district of UP among women of age 15-49 years is as follows:

S.No.	District	NFHS 4 (2015-16)	NFHS 5 (2019-21)
1	Mau district, Uttar Pradesh	53.3	44.3

ANNEXURE-IV

ANNEXURE REFERRED IN REPLY TO PART (b) OF LOK SABHA QUESTION NO. 4630 FOR 28.03.2025 REGARDING “ANEMIA AND MALNUTRITION” ASKED BY SHRI RAJEEV RAI AND SHRI HANUMAN BENIWAL

The State wise detail of beneficiaries under Mission Poshan 2.0 for the month of February 2025 from Poshan Tracker is as follows:

S. No.	States/UTs	Pregnant women	Lactating Mothers	Children (0-6 months)	Children (6months-3years)	Children (3-6years)	Adolescent Girls
1	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	695	645	614	6644	3839	0
2	Andhra Pradesh	208927	186268	173738	1314284	1147208	47723
3	Arunachal Pradesh	1983	2115	2443	31541	51065	15613
4	Assam	119228	113068	121754	1028018	1604001	397052
5	Bihar	529019	477117	339213	3830934	5360475	240386
6	Chhattisgarh	160289	141044	133199	999069	1104531	105336
7	Dadra & Nagar Haveli - Daman & Diu	2698	2392	2325	15781	14163	0
8	Delhi	52506	61039	60985	327810	149270	0
9	Goa	3352	4175	4000	31814	14494	0
10	Gujarat	198295	200488	191424	1373272	1488658	62225
11	Haryana	113191	112195	93583	687805	949698	12716
12	Himachal Pradesh	31407	34351	34425	207015	239387	16179
13	J&K	49065	44284	38298	339479	416092	25851
14	Jharkhand	158426	125708	113587	1210165	1492335	234642
15	Karnataka	329486	253970	218317	1757711	1804940	74301
16	Kerala	112454	89240	86693	713605	1040109	17847
17	Ladakh	1026	912	805	7677	8713	0
18	Lakshadweep	365	350	360	2725	890	0
19	Madhya Pradesh	419802	375744	345414	2631293	3583766	136523
20	Maharashtra	305956	317466	302763	2371079	3248759	105512
21	Manipur	7861	8573	9223	93664	165062	42205
22	Meghalaya	5746	7246	8159	112833	217094	39875
23	Mizoram	5201	3810	3992	39549	61188	18253
24	Nagaland	733	1128	1290	35743	64063	23937
25	Odisha	267185	221665	210010	1419642	1812135	250204

26	Puducherry	2798	3121	2757	22718	5006	0
27	Punjab	74994	95235	95610	615848	740158	34055
28	Rajasthan	294775	268013	223427	1772868	1692870	40468
29	Sikkim	1251	1396	1441	11035	16967	7305
30	Tamil Nadu	288558	245948	239178	1674903	1768735	44341
31	Telangana	143216	119385	117398	909523	863495	22019
32	Tripura	13945	11937	11527	112525	166712	33072
33	UT- Chandigarh	2943	3008	3013	15801	17452	0
34	Uttar Pradesh	1258898	1095709	1029451	9017357	9520739	175366
35	Uttarakhand	53533	57422	52562	358273	250480	71041
36	West Bengal	503299	473380	475343	3103608	4032925	0
	Grand Total	5723106	5159547	4748321	38203611	45117474	2294047

ANNEXURE-V

ANNEXURE REFERRED IN REPLY TO PART (c) OF LOK SABHA QUESTION NO. 4630 FOR 28.03.2025 REGARDING “ANEMIA AND MALNUTRITION” ASKED BY SHRI RAJEEV RAI AND SHRI HANUMAN BENIWAL

(a) The year wise detail of funds allocated under Mission Poshan 2.0 and Anaemia Mukt Bharat is as follows:

Amount in ₹ crore			
S. No.	Year	Mission Poshan 2.0	Anaemia Mukt Bharat
1.	2021-22	19,999.55	2203.71
2.	2022-23	20,263.07	823.00
3.	2023-24	22,022.99	862.80

(b) The State wise detail of funds released to States under Mission Poshan 2.0 during the last three years and the current year is as follows:

S. No.	States/ UTs	Amount in ₹ crore			
		2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25*
1	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	19.71	3.85	12.15	7.56
2	Andhra Pradesh	744.60	827.79	705.68	521.79
3	Arunachal Pradesh	170.83	137.78	162.06	72.28
4	Assam	1319.90	1651.63	2233.31	1792.07
5	Bihar	1574.43	1740.09	1859.29	2001.73
6	Chandigarh	15.32	33.10	19.79	14.17
7	Chhattisgarh	606.73	668.96	579.46	549.31
8	Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu	9.33	5.80	11.97	9.13
9	Delhi	133.11	182.77	161.81	151.72
10	Goa	10.84	14.71	13.95	11.95
11	Gujarat	839.86	912.64	1126.80	308.66
12	Haryana	173.03	195.25	225.78	177.52
13	Himachal Pradesh	247.99	270.24	301.09	245.60
14	Jammu & Kashmir	405.74	479.01	530.88	488.97
15	Jharkhand	352.98	430.91	664.30	451.12
16	Karnataka	1003.70	765.87	912.96	823.42
17	Kerala	388.23	444.98	306.64	267.67
18	Ladakh	14.70	18.79	19.62	14.64
19	Lakshadweep	2.11	0.44	2.88	1.34
20	Madhya Pradesh	1085.47	1011.57	1123.11	1144.54
21	Maharashtra	1713.39	1646.17	1699.52	1334.02

22	Manipur	228.92	135.95	201.28	203.62
23	Meghalaya	173.33	192.39	269.69	84.79
24	Mizoram	59.32	42.81	100.27	31.27
25	Nagaland	159.80	199.30	262.91	138.91
26	Odisha	1065.98	923.92	968.80	781.29
27	Puducherry	2.78	0.12	4.48	3.68
28	Punjab	383.52	75.31	307.87	253.84
29	Rajasthan	682.65	974.02	1091.96	736.09
30	Sikkim	25.73	20.33	33.49	1.66
31	TamilNadu	655.38	766.81	880.79	526.37
32	Telangana	482.33	550.69	507.87	287.94
33	Tripura	186.72	150.52	244.22	81.81
34	Uttar Pradesh	2407.55	2721.87	2668.69	2060.25
35	Uttarakhand	353.65	425.84	288.24	159.10
36	West Bengal	668.35	1227.59	1237.56	1266.17
Total		18368.01	19849.82	21741.17	17006.1

* Funds released up to 28 February 2025

(c) The State wise detail of SPIP approval and expenditure to States for Nutrition Programmes under National Health Mission of Ministry of Health & Family Welfare for last three years is as follows:

S. No	State/UT	2021-22*		2022-23		2023-24		Amount in ₹ crore
		App	Exp	App	Exp	App	Exp	
1	A&N Island	42.92	1.67	36.1	7.7	71.7	11.1	
2	Andhra Pradesh	3,789.23	3,595.01	10237.6	3668.4	10,069.8	8,107.0	
3	Arunachal Pradesh	469.99	271.61	259.8	229.6	268.8	2.4	
4	Assam	3,581.65	2,772.85	3327.8	2786.6	3,045.5	2,350.5	
5	Bihar	1,616.20	1,004.23	11984.5	1992.2	11,943.3	3,192.7	
6	Chandigarh	4.15	1.75	1.2	0.1	1.2	0.7	
7	Chhattisgarh	5,514.90	3,392.78	3681.0	3328.0	3,517.7	1,728.4	
8	DNH-DD	73.00	37.25	29.1	11.7	27.7	4.9	
9	Delhi	1,287.10	105.47	862.8	26.5	850.7	49.2	
10	Goa	50.37	15.91	159.5	60.3	159.5	39.9	

11	Gujarat	7,384.49	5,210.48	4759.5	2467.5	4,383.8	4,361.1
12	Haryana	1,620.39	1,662.66	2283.2	2770.2	2,326.2	2,592.2
13	Himachal Pradesh	526.31	291.94	506.8	214.9	268.1	199.8
14	J&K	1,595.43	393.83	1192.2	551.3	1,332.2	81.8
15	Jharkhand	5,585.63	1,198.62	8578.4	3593.0	7,943.5	2,007.9
16	Karnataka	3,871.08	2,257.98	4597.8	618.7	5,196.2	1,408.6
17	Kerala	653.25	231.14	3347.8	1266.3	3,087.8	370.8
18	Ladakh	92.53	18.66	52.5	14.2	32.9	15.4
19	Lakshadweep	6.98	0.45	8.5	5.5	6.3	2.5
20	Madhya Pradesh	9,236.78	6,549.28	15453.0	9289.7	20,025.9	9,240.5
21	Maharashtra	6,171.02	5,281.94	10497.6	3211.9	10,599.7	3,527.5
22	Manipur	530.32	85.26	281.1	63.1	275.1	48.3
23	Meghalaya	634.95	259.07	690.2	463.2	713.0	80.7
24	Mizoram	197.64	66.55	238.3	30.3	187.9	89.8
25	Nagaland	373.35	145.46	350.8	32.1	522.8	59.8
26	Odisha	5,446.05	3,973.61	4844.1	1328.6	3,889.4	2,154.5
27	Puducherry	44.76	26.75	259.2	113.1	288.2	33.3
28	Punjab	1,330.00	882.77	1351.7	187.6	1,320.0	1,320.0
29	Rajasthan	5,365.19	2,473.80	6303.7	2036.4	5,919.4	2,051.3
30	Sikkim	66.71	6.72	85.6	57.1	71.7	56.3
31	Tamil Nadu	826.56	863.41	2309.2	903.7	2,305.2	1,486.2
32	Telangana	2,176.58	1,683.48	3741.5	4819.7	3,687.7	325.5
33	Tripura	282.49	190.99	894.5	167.4	939.3	766.5
34	Uttar Pradesh	21,449.8	8,398.65	20060.2	2213.6	39,441.5	11,311.1
35	Uttarakhand	547.13	203.83	1866.5	384.2	2,005.5	472.9
36	West Bengal	5,638.77	8,311.85	3877.8	2470.0	4,081.9	3,034.8

1. SPIP Approval and Expenditure is as per the available Financial Management Reports submitted by State/UTs and are provisional.
2. Expenditure includes Expenditure against Central Release, Corresponding State share release & unspent balances at the beginning of the year.
3. * Includes budget allocation for all CH programmes like MAA,NDD,AMB,NRC, VitA, IMNCI,F-IMNCI, IDCF, HBYC, HBNC, NBSU,NSSK,SNCU, KMC, SAANS, Family Participatory Care, CDR, Paed-HDU etc
4. App-Approvals, Exp-Expenditure
5. SPIP-State Programme Implementation Plans
