

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
LOK SABHA**

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:4933

ANSWERED ON:20.12.2000

HIV/AIDS

BHUMA NAGI REDDY;DILIP KUMAR MANSUKHLAL GANDHI;PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of men, women and children detected with HIV positive or full blown AIDS during each of the last three years; State-wise/Union Territory-wise;

(b) whether AIDS victims have increased in India;

(c) if so, the reasons of the increase in incidence of HIV/AIDS; and

(d) the corrective steps taken to meet the growing challenge of this source?

Answer

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI A. RAJA)

(a) : The State-wise/Union Territory-wise estimated number of HIV infected persons as on mid 1998 is annexed. The reported number of full blown AIDS cases during the last three years as follows :

Year	Males	Females	Children
1998	1066	342	140
1999	2487	574	211
2000	4514	1524	189

(upto November, 2000)

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) The main reasons for the increase in incidence of HIV/AIDS are :-

- Poverty and lack of education leading to low awareness level.
- Large scale migration of population to different parts of the country.
- No vaccine or cure for elimination of the virus from the body of infected persons.

(d) Govt. of India has launched comprehensive National AIDS Control programme in all states and UTs including the following keys:-

• Reducing the spread of HIV in groups at high risk by identification of target populations and providing peer counseling, condom promotion, treatment of sexually transmitted infections etc.

• Preventive intervention for the general population by Information, Education and Communication (IEC) and awareness campaign, provision of voluntary testing and counseling, safe blood transfusion services and prevention of occupation exposure.

° Providing financial assistance for opportunistic infections, home and community based care to people living with HIV/AIDS.

° Strengthening effectiveness and technical, managerial, financial sustainability at National, State and Municipal levels.

° Promoting collaboration amongst public, private and voluntary sectors.

Estimated number of male-female of HIV infection, India 1998 (Figures in thousands)

Serial Number	State/UT	Number of HIV infected males	Number of HIV infected females	Number of HIV infected persons.	Total number of
1	Maharashtra	430.481	316.568	747.049	
2.	Karnataka	179.134	130.638	309.772	
3.	Andhra Pr.	329.220	237.858	567.078	
4.	Tamil Nadu	177.883	130.111	307.994	
5.	Manipur	2.347	1.732	4.079	
6	Goa	5.406	4.034	9.440	
7	Delhi	13.735	5.677	19.412	
8	Himachal Pradesh	2.247	1.071	3.318	
9	Gujarat	56.507	25.366	81.883	
10	West Bengal	80.698	36.382	117.081	
11	Nagaland	2.372	0.892	3.264	
12	Mizoram	1.131	0.513	1.644	
13	Pondicherry	2.319	1.112	3.431	
14	A & N Islands	0.468	0.126	0.594	
15	Arunachal Pradesh	0.805	0.215	1.020	
16	Assam	22.666	6.487	29.153	
17	Chandigarh	3.394	0.891	4.286	
18	Daman & Diu	0.061	0.018	0.079	
19	Haryana	26.836	7.451	34.287	
20	Kerala	126.583	42.757	169.340	
21	Madhya Pradesh	106.837	30.976	137.814	
22	Meghalaya	0.612	0.169	0.781	
23	Orissa	34.489	10.286	44.775	
24	Punjab	33.961	9.773	43.734	
25	Rajasthan	40/018	10.452	50.470	
26	Sikkim	0.110	0.027	0.136	
27	Tripura	3.244	0.970	4.214	
28	Uttar Pradesh	85.419	23.212	108.631	
29	Bihar	88.436	25.575	114.012	
30	Jammu & Kashmir	11.255	3.334	14.589	
31	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0.21	0.036	0.157	
32	Lakshadweep	0.178	0.052	0.230	
Total		1868.974	1064.762	2933.736	