

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
LOK SABHA**

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:5676
ANSWERED ON:02.05.2000
MALARIA ERADICATION SCHEMES
BRAJ MOHAN RAM

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) the names of 100 districts in various States which have implemented five years scheme of Malaria Control with the assistance of the World Bank;
- (b) The guidelines issued to various States for implementation of the said scheme;
- (c) The number of persons died in those hundred districts where this scheme is being implemented, year-wise
- (d) The reasons for the ineffectiveness of this scheme especially in Palamu and Garwaha districts of Bihar; and
- (e) The steps proposed to be taken by the Government for effective implementation of the scheme?

Answer

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (INDEPENDENT CHARGE)(SH SHANMUGAM)

(a) Names of 100 districts of the core project States of Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Gujarat, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Orissa and Rajasthan covered under the Enhanced Malaria Control Project (EMCP) with World Bank support being implemented w.e.f. 30th September, 1997 for a period of five years is given in Annexure-I. However, it would be relevant to mention that only 1045 PHCs are covered in these 100 Districts under the EMCP.

(b) The detailed guidelines regarding implementation of the various components under the EMCP were communicated to all the Project States on 10.11.97. In addition, the Directorate of National Anti Malaria Programme (NAMP) issued guidelines regarding formation of District Malaria Control Societies (DMCS) and preparation of District Implementation Plan for effective implementation of the Project. Moreover, a number of workshops were conducted by Directorate of NAMP with the concerned State Programme Officers/District Malaria Officers and they were properly guided about the implementation of various components of the project.

(c) The number of deaths reported from these 100 districts during 1996, 1997, 1998 and 1999 have been as under :-

Year	No. of Deaths
1996	471
1997	522
1998	436
1999	346
(Provisional)	

(d) The EMCP WITH World Bank support is being implemented in the Core Project States through the District Malaria Control Societies, and Zilla Swasthya Samities. As far as Palamu is concerned, the District Malaria Control Society (DMCS) was registered on 31.3.1998. There after Rs. 5 lakhs have been released to the DMCS for intensification of malaria control activities and vehicles have also been provided to the district. The DMCS in Garwaha has not yet been formed.

(e) The steps taken for effective implementation of the Scheme and to intensify Malaria Control activities by way of additional inputs through a mix of interventions under EMCP include:-

- Early case Detection and Prompt Treatment (EDPT) through use of newer drugs and Rapid Diagnostic Kits.

- Selective Vector Control including use of Synthetic Pyrethroids in rural areas and Biolarvicides in urban areas.
- Promotion of personal protection methods by use of Medicated Mosquito Nets (MMNs).
- Early detection and containment of epidemics.
- Information, Education and Communication towards personal prevention and Community participation.
- Institutional and Management capacity building, manpower development through intensive re-orientation training programmes at all levels and efficient Management Information System(MIS).

ANNEXURE-I

STATE-WISE LIST OF DISTRICTS BEING COVERED UNDER THE WORLD BANK ASSISTED ENHANCED MALARIA CONTROL PROJECT

Andhra Pradesh Srikakulum, Vijayanagaram, Vishkhapatnam, East Godavari, West Godavari, Kurnool, Mehbubnagar, Adilabad, Warangal, Khammam (Total- 10 Districts).

Bihar Ranchi, Lohardaga, Gumla, West Singhbhum, East Singhbhum, Durika, Sahabganj, Godda, Palamu, Garhqa (Total 10 Districts)

Gujarat Dangs, Valsad, Surat, Bharuch, Baroda, Panchmahals, Sabarkantha, Banaskantha (Total 8 Districts)

Madhya Pradesh Dhar, S. Jhbus, Barwani, Ratlam, Hoshangabad, Belul, Morena, Sidhi, Shahdol, Jabalpur, Chhindwara, Balaghat, Mandla, Bilaspur, Janigir, Ambikapur, Raigarh, Mahasamund, Durg, Rajnandgaon, Jagdalpur, Kanker (Ambikapur-II), Saoni, Khandwa (Total 25 Districts)

Maharashtra Raigad, Thane, Unit-Palghar, Dhule, Jalgaon, Nasik, Ahmednagar, Pune, . Nanded, Amravati, Yootmal, Bhandara, Chandrapur, Gadehiroli, Nagpur (Total 15 Districts)

Rajasthan Banswara, Bhilwara, Rajsamand, Sirohi, Udaipur, Bundi, Jhalawar, Barah, Dungarpur, Chhitorgarh (Total 10 Districts)

Orissa Balasore, Ganjam, Gajapati, Phulbard, Sambalpur, Jharsuguda, Deogarh, Nawapada, Keonjhar, Jharsuguda-II, Bargarh, Bulangir, Dhenkanat, Angol, Kalahandi, Jaipur, Sundergarh, Mayurbhanj, Koraput, Nawarangpur, Malkangiri, Rayagada (Total 22 Districts)

TOTAL NO OF DISTRICTS COVERED UNDER THE PROJECT - 100