

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
LOK SABHA**

STARRED QUESTION NO:658

ANSWERED ON:11.05.2005

REVIEW OF PERFORMANCE OF HEALTH CARE PROGRAMMES

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Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the Government has reviewed the success achieved in various Health Care Programmes launched to bring down infant mortality rate birth-rate and increase in the life expectancy as projected in the current five year plan;

(b) if so, the details thereof, State-wise; and

(c) the steps taken by the Government to achieve the targets fixed in this regard?

Answer

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. ANBUMANI RAMADOSS)

(a) to (c) A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO THE LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 658 FOR 11TH MAY, 2005

Government of India is implementing the Reproductive and Child Health programme in all the states and Union Territories of the country since 1997 with the objective of bringing down infant and maternal mortality rates and improving health of mothers and children. The Family Welfare programme is also being implemented as a 100% centrally sponsored scheme in all states and Union Territories of the country.

As a result of implementation of the interventions, the Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) at the national level, as per the Sample Registration System (SRS) of the Registrar General of India, has declined from 71 per thousand live births in 1997 to 63 in 2002. The Crude Birth Rate (CBR) at the national level, as per the Sample Registration System (SRS) of the Registrar General of India, which was 30.2 per thousand population in 1990 has declined to 25 per thousand population in 2002, thus registering a decline of 5.2 per thousand population since 1990. The life expectancy at the national level, as per the Report of the Technical Group on Population projections, 1996, Registrar General of India, has also shown an increase to 63.9 years in males and 66.9 years in females during 2001 compared to 60.6 years for males and 61.7 years for females in 1991. State-wise details are at Annexures - I, II and III.

In order to improve the availability of and access to quality health care including services for Immunization and Safe Motherhood, Government of India have recently launched the National Rural Health Mission (NRHM). The mission seeks to provide effective health care to rural population throughout the country with special focus on 18 States, which have weak public health indicators and/or weak health infrastructure. These States are Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Chhattisgarh, Himachal Pradesh, Jharkhand, Jammu & Kashmir, Manipur, Mizoram, Meghalaya, Madhya Pradesh, Nagaland, Orissa, Rajasthan, Sikkim, Tripura, Uttaranchal and Uttar Pradesh. The Mission will operate over a period of seven years from 2005 to 2012.

The goals of the Mission include: Reduction in Infant Mortality Rate (IMR) and Maternal Mortality Ratio (MMR) in keeping with the stated National Health and Population Policy Goals; Universal access to public health services such as women's health, child health, drinking water, sanitation & hygiene, immunization and nutrition; Prevention and control of communicable and non-communicable diseases, including locally endemic diseases; access to integrated comprehensive primary healthcare; Population stabilization, gender and demographic balance; Revitalise local health traditions and mainstream AYUSH and Promotion of healthy life styles.

The existing programmes like Family Welfare and Reproductive and Child Health Programme have become part of the Mission. Under the NRHM, the services provided under the RCH Programme will be further strengthened through:

Implementation of Janani Suraksha Yojana (JSY) under which cash incentives are provided to pregnant women belonging to families Below Poverty Line (BPL) if they deliver at a health center / hospital.

Appointment of Accredited Social Health Activist (ASHA) for every village with a population up to 1000. ASHA will facilitate in accessing health care services to the community and will have specific responsibility of mobilizing pregnant women for antenatal care, institutional delivery and post-natal checks and immunization to children.

Operationalising 2000 Community Health Centers as First Referral Units (FRU) for providing Emergency Obstetric and Child Health and family planning services

Making 50% Primary Health Centers functional for providing 24-hours delivery services, over the next five years

Ensuring quality of services by implementing Indian Public Health Standards (IPHS) for Primary Healthcare Facilities.

The expected outcomes of the Mission include reduction of the Infant Mortality Rate to below 30 per thousand live births.

ANNEXURE-I

INFANT MORTALITY RATE (IMR)

Sl. States No.	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1. Andhra Pr.	63	66	66	65	66	62
2. Assam	76	76	76	75	74	70
3. Bihar	71	67	63	62	62	61
4. Chhatisgarh	89	94	78	79	77	73
5. Gujarat	62	64	63	62	60	60
6. Haryana	68	70	68	67	66	62
7. Jharkhand	68	62	71	70	62	51
8. Karnataka	53	58	58	57	58	55
9. Kerala	12	16	14	14	11	10
10. Madhya Pr.	94	98	90	87	86	85
11. Maharashtra	47	49	48	48	45	45
12. Orissa	96	98	97	95	91	87
13. Punjab	51	54	53	52	52	51
14. Rajasthan	85	83	81	79	80	78
15. Tamil Nadu	53	53	52	51	49	44
16. Uttar Pr.	85	85	84	83	83	80
17. W. Bengal	55	53	52	51	51	49
18. Himachal Pr.	63	64	62	60	54	52
19. J & K	NA	45	52	50	48	45
20. Arunachal Pr	47	44	43	44	39	37
21. Delhi	35	36	31	32	29	30
22. Goa	19	23	21	23	19	17
23. Manipur	30	25	25	23	19	17
24. Meghalaya	54	52	56	58	56	61
25. Mizoram	19	23	19	21	19	14
26. Nagaland	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
27. Sikkim	51	52	49	49	42	34
28. Tripura	51	49	42	41	39	34
29. Uttaranchal			52	50	48	41
30. A&N Islands	33	30	25	23	18	15
31. Chandigarh	40	32	28	28	24	21
32. D&N Haveli	63	61	56	58	58	56
33. Daman & Diu	38	51	35	48	40	42
34. Lakshadweep	36	26	32	27	33	25
35. Pondicherry	22	21	22	23	22	22
All India	71	72	70	68	66	63

Source: Sample Registration System, Registrar General, India.

ANNEXURE-II

CRUDE BIRTH RATE (CBR)

Sl. States/Union No. Territories	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
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1.	Andhra Pr.	22.5	22.4	21.7	21.3	21.0	20.7
2.	Assam	28.2	27.9	27.0	26.9	27.0	26.6
3.	Bihar	31.7	31.1	31.5	31.9	31.2	30.9
4.	Chhatisgarh	32.2	28.7	26.9	26.7	26.5	25.0
5.	Gujarat	25.6	25.5	25.4	25.2	25.0	24.7
6.	Haryana	28.3	27.6	26.8	26.9	26.8	26.6
7.	Jharkhand	28.2	26.9	26.3	26.5	26.2	26.4
8.	Karnataka	22.7	22.0	22.3	22.0	22.2	22.1
9.	Kerala	17.9	18.3	18.0	17.9	17.3	16.9
10.	Madhya Pr.	31.9	30.7	31.1	31.4	31.0	30.4
11.	Maharashtra	23.1	22.5	21.1	21.0	20.7	20.3
12.	Orissa	26.5	25.7	24.1	24.3	23.5	23.2
13.	Punjab	23.4	22.4	21.5	21.6	21.2	20.8
14.	Rajasthan	32.1	31.6	31.1	31.4	31.1	30.6
15.	Tamil Nadu	19.0	19.2	19.3	19.3	19.1	18.5
16.	Uttar Pr.	33.5	32.4	32.8	32.8	32.1	31.6
17.	W. Bengal	22.4	21.3	20.7	20.7	20.6	20.5
18.	Arunachal Pr	21.4	22.5	22.3	22.3	22.2	20.2
19.	Delhi	21.1.	19.4	20.3	20.3	18.9	17.2
20.	Goa	14.2	14.3	14.3	14.3	14.2	14.0
21.	Himachal Pr.	22.6	22.6	23.8	22.1	21.2	20.7
22.	J & K	NA	19.8	20.9	19.7	20.2	19.2
23.	Manipur	19.7	19.0	18.6	18.3	18.3	16.8
24.	Meghalaya	30.2	29.2	28.7	28.5	28.3	25.8
25.	Mizoram	15.0	15.8	17.0	16.0	15.7	16.9
26.	Nagaland	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
27.	Sikkim	19.8	20.9	21.6	21.8	21.6	21.9
28.	Tripura	18.3	17.6	17.0	16.5	16.1.	14.9
29.	Uttaranchal	22.9	23.6	19.6	20.2	18.5	17.0
30.	A&N Islands	18.6	17.7	18.1	19.1	16.8	16.8
31.	Chandigarh	18.8	17.9	17.9	17.5	16.3	14.6
32.	D&N Haveli	28.2	34.1	34.2	34.9	29.5	30.4
33.	Daman & Diu	24.9	21.7	26.9	23.7	22.3	22.4
34.	Lakshadweep	22.9	23.0	25.1	26.1	20.4	19.3
35.	Pondicherry	18.4	18.2	17.7	17.8	17.9	17.9

All India 27.2 26.5 26.0 25.8 25.4 25.0

Source: Sample Registration System

ANNEXURE-III

EXPECTATION OF LIFE AT BIRTH

Major States	Male		Female	
	1991-96	2001-2006	1991-96	2001-2006
Andhra Pr.	61.4	62.79	64.48	65.00
Assam	58.74	58.96	58.48	60.87
Bihar	60.81	65.66	60.09	64.79
Gujarat	60.94	63.12	62.74	64.10
Haryana	65.21	64.64	64.22	69.30
Karnataka	64.15	62.43	54.30	66.44

Kerala	67.23	71.67	72.37	75.00
Madhya Pr.	59.24	59.19	57.96	58.01
Maharashtra	63.9	66.75	65.06	69.76
Orissa	60.13	60.05	58.40	59.71
Punjab	66.61	69.78	66.55	72.00
Rajasthan	60.5	62.17	61.34	62.80
Tamil Nadu	62.85	67.00	63.05	69.75
Uttar Pradesh	57.14	63.54	52.84	64.09
West Bengal	61.95	66.08	61.94	69.34
India	60.6	63.87	61.70	66.91
(Pooled)				