

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
LOK SABHA**

STARRED QUESTION NO:316

ANSWERED ON:05.09.2007

INCREASE IN CANCER CASES

Bhagora Shri Mahavir;Dhotre Shri Sanjay Shamrao

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

- (a) whether the number of cases of Cancer are likely to be doubled by the year 2030 in the country as per the findings of the International Council for Cancer Research;
- (b) if so, the details thereof and the reasons therefor;
- (c) the number of patients who died of Cancer during the last three years, State-wise, year-wise;
- (d) the criteria/norms for allocation of funds released and expenditure incurred therefrom under the National Cancer Control Programme (NCCP) during the last three years, State-wise, year-wise;
- (e) the names of the States which have not been allocated funds during the said period alongwith reasons therefor; and
- (f) the action plan formulated /proposed to be formulated by the Government to control the disease?

Answer

THE MINISTER OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (DR. ANBUMANI RAMADOSS)

(a)to(f) : A statement is laid on the Table of the House.

STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN REPLY TO LOK SABHA STARRED QUESTION NO. 316 FOR 5TH SEPTEMBER, 2007
According to Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR), International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has stated that the number of diagnosed cancer cases will be more than doubled between 2000-2030 in the world. In 2000, there were 11 million new cases of cancer diagnosed world wide, 7 million deaths from cancer and 25 million people living with cancer. By 2030, the agency expects that 27 million people will be diagnosed with the disease annually and 75 million people will be living with cancer.

However, based on the data from Population Based Cancer Registries (PBCRs) functioning under the National Cancer Registry Programme of ICMR, an estimated 8-9 lakh new cancer cases are detected every year and at any given point of time, there are 2.5 million cancer patients in the country. It is estimated that approximately 4 lakh cancer deaths occur every year. The state wise details of cancer patients/cancer deaths are not maintained centrally.

The National Cancer Control Programme is being implemented with the objectives of primary prevention through health education, secondary prevention through early detection and diagnosis of cancer and strengthening of cancer treatment facilities.

Under the Programme, support is given to the State Government mainly for development of Regional Cancer Centres (RCCs) and Oncology wing and for implementing District Cancer Control Programme. A one-time grant of upto Rs. 5.00 crore/Rs 3.00 crore is provided for the new RCCs/existing RCCs and upto Rs. 3.00 crore to Government Medical Colleges/Hospitals for development of Oncology Wing. For the District Cancer Control Programme, focused on prevention and early detection, a grant-in-aid of Rs. 90.00 lakh spread over a period of 5 years is provided.

Grants to State Government/Institutions are released on receipt of complete proposals from the State Government A list showing the funds released to the State/ UT during 2004-05, 2005-06, 2006-07 is annexed. No fund could have been released to 8 States namely Arunachal Pradesh, Bihar, Chattisgarh, Delhi, Goa, Haryana, Jharkhand and Sikkim during the last 3 years (2004-07) for want of complete proposals from these States.