(iii) REPORTED ACUTE DRINKING WATER PROBLEM IN BIHAR

SHRI D. P. YADAV (Monghyr): There has been acute drinking water problem in the drought hit areas of Bihar, more particularly the district of Monghyr has been severely hit. The Monghyr Municipal Water Supply system has been disrupted and there is water famine in the municipal area. (iv) BAN ON EXPORT OF COTTON SEED

EXPELLER CAKES

SHRI S. A. DORAI SEBASTIAN (Karur): On 4th December, 1979 the then Government at the Centre banned the export of cotton seed expeller cakes (decorticated and undecorticated) on some grounds presented before it. One would have appreciated the ban order being given effect from 4th December, 1979. But one fails to understand the argument that the intervening delay in proclamation and its coming into effect would have adverse effect and so even the export commitments entered into earlier than 4th December, 1979 have been banned. This has created serious consequences to the cotton seed expeller cakes manufacturing units in Tamil Nadu. Nearly 1300 metric tonnes of cottonseed expeller cakes are lying at Marmagoa Port for the past six months. The Port authorities have asked the manufacturer-exporters of Tamil Nadu to lift the consignments from the foreshore estates. They are likely to lose nearly 16 lakhs of rupees in this transaction. Besides losing the national honour because of our failure to meet the export commitment, the foreign buyers are likely to launch prosecution cases against the exporters of our country. There is no justification whatsoever for banning the export commitments entered into before 4th December, 1979. I demand immediate lifting of this ban by the Ministry of Commerce.

(v) REPORTED NON-AVAILABILITY OF RAILWAY RAKES FOR CARRYING IRON ORE TO PARADIP PORT

SHRI ARJUN SETHI (Bhadrak): Due to non-availability of railway rakes to Paradip Port of Orissa State, ships are being returned empty. It is now a common complaint against the railways that enough railway wagons are not being provided to carry iron ore to the port site from the hinterland of Orissa. As a result, enough iron ore is not being transported and thereby Government suffers loss of revenue. Hence, I request the Government to provide sufficient rakes so that the port does not starve for want of iron ore.

(vi) NEED FOR IMPORT OF A NEW PESTI-CIDE FROM USA TO SAVE MANGO ORCHARDS

भी उत्तमभाई एल० पटेल (बलसार) : उपाध्यक्ष महोदय, दक्षिण गुजरात में करीब 15 हजार हेक्टेयरर्ज में माम के पेड़ हैं, लेकिन ग्रधिकतर ग्राम वाड़ी बलसार जिले में है। इस क्षेत्र में करीब दो या तीन करोड़ रुपयों की दवाइयों का छिड़काव होता है । प्रति-वर्ष 12 से 15 लाख टन की उपज होती है, जिसका मूल्य 12 करोड़ रुपये तक का है । देश को तीन करोड़ रुपयों की विदेशी मुद्रा मिलती है । विश्व के कई देशों में निर्यात होता है । ग्राम का ग्राचार, मैंगो ज्यूस, पल्प भ्रादि भ्ररब देशों में निर्यात होता है । करीब पिछने छः साल से कीट के कारण म्राम का उत्पादन कम होता जा रहा है । पेस्टीसाइडस के दाम भी बहुत बढ़ गये हैं भ्रौर उनका भ्रसर भी बहुत कम होता है । सामान्य किसान को ग्राधिक दृष्टि से इस दबाई का छिडकाव भी ग्र**ख**रता है । किसान श्रार्थिक दृष्टि से देनदार बनता जा रहा है । यदि सरकार इस ग्रोर ध्यान नहीं देगी, तो भविष्य में भ्राम के पेड़ भी काट दिये जायेंगे ग्रौर देश को भारी क्षति होगी ग्रौर भ्राम का फल मिलना मुक्किल हो जायेगा । भ्रपने जिले के दौरे में भी मैंने यह बात देखी है कि म्राम के फल का उत्पादन निष्फल हुमा