India has been playing a significant role in all aspects of nation-building, including capital formation and creation of assets.

However, the youth is disturbingly away from the decision-making process, including membership of the Parliament as well as the State Assemblies. This is against India's national ethos for we should not forget that Sankaracharya and Swami Vivekananda died in their thirties.

I suggest that all parties move in this direction and it be made mandatory that at least 45% of the candidates fielded by any political party in any election be from the youth. The People's Representation Act should be suitably amended to enforce this.

(ii) Shortage of Cement in Kerala

SHRI V.S. VIJAYARAGHAVAN *(Palghat): Sir, the quota of cement allotted to Kerala after the partial decontrol of cement introduced on 28-2-82, has been substantially reduced for the quarterly period of three months, the total quantity fixed was 63,400 m t. This will meet only a small fraction of the demand. Now, only half of the allosted quantity is actually being despatched. has caused considerable hardship to the consumers. In 1982 while the quota allotted was 5,22,210 m.t., the actual quantity received was only 37,330 m.t. By the end of 1982, the cement shortage became more actue because of power cut. As a result of all this, Kerala is not in a position to supply even a small percentage of the actual requirement.

The problem of cement shortage can be solved to some extent if the companies are asked to supply it directly. But these companies are evading their responsibility by giving excuses of power-cut etc. The hon. Chief Minister of Kerala has requested the Centre to help the State. He has requested that the allotted cement should be made available from Andhra Pradesh and arrangement should be made to despatch the entire quantity of allotted cement, I would urge upon the Centre to accede to the request of the Chief Minister and help solve the problem of cement shortage in Kerala.

(iii) Measures to check infiltration of Chakmas and Nepalese in Mizorin and Arunachal Pra desh.

SHRI HARIHAR SOREN (Keonjhar)**: Sir, the unabated infiltration of Chakmas and Mizoram and Arunachal Nepalese into Pradesh has caused a great concern in the Union Territories of Mizoram and Arunachal Pradesh. As a result of this infiltration, Mizos have already become a minority in their own State in several places.

There are about 30,000 Chakmas now residing in each of these two areas as compared to the total population of 6,00,000 in Arunachal Pradesh and about 4,00,000 in Mizoram. This is really an alarming phenomenon.

The chakmas, who were Buddhist tribals from the Chittagong bill tracts of Bangladesh, kept in infiltrating into Mizoram taking advantage of the open order.

If steps are not taken immediately to curb the phenomenal increase in Chakma population, it might pose a serious problem in future. This issue deserves the special consideration of the Government of India.

In view of this, I request the Government to expedite the proposal of constructing the boundary wall along the border. The army should be deployed on the border to detect such infiltration and push back the chakmas forthwith.

(iv) Need for running Neelachal Express daily between New Delhi and Puri

SHRIMATI JAYANTI PATNAIK (Cuttack): Sir, the people who intend to come to Delhi by train from Orissa are facing a great inconvenience in the absence of daily train services. The National Express which connects Puri/Bhubaneshwar with New Delhi runs only thrice a week. This train was introduced only on 1-4-80 and since then, it has become very popular. It has also contributed to the increase in freight traffic particularly from Bihar, Uttar Pradesh, Delhi, Haryana and Punjab area. The accommodation remains full and many passengers do not get reservation on either side. It was earlier proposed for conversion of this train to daily Express Service between Puri and New Delhi, It is understood that line capacity between Allahabad and Banaras being a single line section, is standing in the way. This can be got over

^{*}The Original Speech was delivered in Malayalam.

^{**}The Original Speech was delivered in Oriya,