

out of which 94% is proposed to be Electronic type.

(b) It is proposed to produce Crossbar type of equipment for a year or two till production facilities for electronic equipment are set up in the factory producing Corssbar equipment.

Generally existing Crossbar exchanges are proposed to be replaced in a phased manner on expiry of the life of the Crossbar equipment or when they are worn out.

(c) Setting up of a 4000L Crossbar exchange at Udaipur has been planned quite some time ago and equipment has already been received at site.

[English]

Special Training to Delhi Police

8198 SHRIMATI VASUNDHARA RAJE Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state

(a) whether there is any proposal to provide special training to Delhi Police to curb the growing extremist activities in Delhi; and

(b) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SUBODH KANT SAHAY): (a) and (b). Training is already imparted at all levels to officers and men in anti-terrorist tactics. There is no such fresh proposal.

Loss to fishermen due to Diseases in Fish

8199. SHRI HANNAN MOLLAH: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the steps taken by Union Government to check the diseases of fish, which caused heavy damage in fish production last year;

(b) whether Government have assessed the loss caused due to these diseases;

(c) if so, the details thereof; and

(d) the number of fishermen in the country, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI UPENDRA NATH VERMA):

(a) The following measures have been taken to control and contain the fish disease:

(i) Guidelines have been issued to States on the subject.

(ii) State officers have been trained to undertake curative and preventive measures.

(iii) A national workshop has been organised at Calcutta to further accelerate action on controlling the disease.

(b) and (c). The inland fish production reported by states does not indicate any loss in fish production due to disease, as is evident from the inland fish production figures given in the Statement-I attached.

(d) The number of inland fishermen, State-wise, in the country is given in the Statement-II attached.

STATEMENT-I*Statewise Inland Fish Production during 1986-87 to 1989-90**('000 tonnes)*

Sl No	States/UTs	1987-88	1988-89	1989-90 (P)
1	2	3	4	5
1	Andhra Pradesh	121.11	122.00	134.43
2	Arunachal Pradesh	0.61	1.50	0.86
3	Assam	60.99	65.50	61.64
4	Bihar	152.55	150.10	156.55
5	Goa	1.43	2.60	3.50
6	Gujarat	22.56	21.50	25.00
7	Haryana	18.65	00	20.00

Sl. No.	States/UTs.	1987-88	1988-89	1989-90 (P)
1	2	3	4	5
8.	Himachal Pradesh	4.10	5.00	4.30
9.	Jammu & Kashmir	11.00	11.10	11.14
10.	Karnataka	42.0-0	50.20	46.81
11.	Kerala	26.51	26.60	33.81
12	Madhya Pradesh	68.50	54.40	33.81
13..	Maharashtra	41.15	45.50	48.00
14.	Manipur	6.55	11.80	7.50
15.	Meghalaya	0.85	0.80	0.99
16.	Mizoram	2.40	2.60	2.81

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>States/UTs.</i>	<i>1987-88</i>	<i>1988-89</i>	<i>1989-90 (P)</i>
<i>1</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>	<i>4</i>	<i>5</i>
17.	Nagaland	0.61	0.60	0.83
18.	Orissa	60.00	69.90	73.00
19.	Punjab	6.00	9.10	7.50
20.	Rajasthan	16.52	12.00	7.00
21.	Sikkim	0.14	0.10	0.09
22.	Tamil Nadu	93.00	90.00	75.00
23.	Tripura	14.01	16.40	18.50
24.	Uttar Pradesh	83.13	90.60	93.47
25.	West Bengal	442.79	451.90	519.85
26.	A & N Islands	0.02	—	Negligible

Sl. No.	States/UTs.	1987-88	1988-89	1989-90 (P)
1	2	3	4	5
27.	Chandigarh	00.05	Negligible	0.04
28.	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	—	—	Negligible
29.	Delhi	2.60	2.50	3.00
30.	Lakshadweep	—	—	Negligible
31.	Pondicherry	1.09	2.30	2.89
Total		1300.92	1334.60	1392.32

STATEMENT-II

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>State/U. Ts.</i>	<i>Inland Fishermen</i>
<i>1</i>	<i>2</i>	<i>3</i>
1.	Andhra Pradesh	2,79,492
2.	Assam	4,75,000
3.	Bihar	5,80,200
4.	Gujarat	48,288
5.	Haryana	14,216
6.	Himachal Pradesh	8,788
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	55,000
8.	Karnataka	5,27,596
9.	Kerala	1,76,415
10.	Madhya Pradesh	6,05,200
11.	Maharashtra	2,24,728
12.	Meghalaya	3,935
13.	Manipur	25,000
14.	Nagaland	—
15.	Orissa	3,95,304
16.	Punjab	—
17.	Rajasthan	510
18.	Sikkim	110
19.	Tamil Nadu	1,25,000
20.	Tripura	4,775
21.	Uttar Pradesh	9,85,905

<i>Sl. No.</i>	<i>State/U. Ts.</i>	<i>Inland Fishermen</i>
1	2	3
22.	West Bengal	3,19,000
23.	Andaman & Nicobar Islands	—
24.	Arunachal Pradesh	—
25.	Chandigarh	100
26.	Dadar & Nagar Haveli	—
27.	Delhi	2,000
28.	Goa, Daman & Diu	—
29.	Lakshadweep	—
30.	Mizoram	—
31.	Pondicherry	6,138
Total		48,62,540

Betel Research Institutes

8200. SHRI HANNAN L MOLLAH: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) the research institutions working on betel leaves in the country;

(b) the amount allocated and spent during last three years by Union Government on this research;

(c) the mount allocated and spent in West Bengal for such research; and

(d) the results achieved so far?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI UPENDRA NATH VERMA):

(a) Sir, Under the all India Coordinated Research Project on betelwing the centres located in the following ten Institutions are working o betelvines in the country.

1. Indian Institute of Horticultural Research, Bangalore.
2. Rajendra Agricultural University, Delhi.
3. Bidhan Chandra Krishi Vishwa Vidyalays, Kalyani
4. Orissa University of Agriculture